SJSU MAY JOSÉ STATE SJSU UNIVERSITY SJSU Undergraduate Research Grants Design of the Straightening Section of a Supersonic Wind Tunnel Kiana Luongo and Dr. Fabrizio Vergine Department of Aerospace Engineering at San Jose State University

Abstract

A flow straightener is a critical component in a wind tunnel, usually placed between the plenum chamber and the nozzle to cancel any transverse momentum component of the incoming flow and reduce the intensity of turbulence to achieve a research-grade flow quality in the test section. Turbulence reduction is especially critical for high-speed wind tunnels where the inherent high-Reynolds numbers can promote even higher turbulence levels that may not be representative of typical flight conditions. A screen with honeycomb shaped cells is the devices of choice to accomplish the task.

Final Dimensions

<u>Straightener:</u> Honeycomb Cell Type: Honeycomb Length: 1 *in* , L/D = 8 Thickness: 0.008 *in* OD: 4.56 *in*

Project Findings

- Ideal cell size to length ratio: 6-8
- Minimum cell # 150 cells per OD



ANSYS

Due to its relatively small size, a honeycomb cell breaks up as many large turbulent eddies as possible while the length of the channel will help straightening the flow. An improper design could result in non ideal and unpredictable test conditions. Cell #: 1261, Cell size: $\frac{1}{8}$ Closed surface area: 2.29 in^2

<u>Containment:</u> Flange High-Pressure Steel unthreaded Pipe Flange Bolt size: ¾ *in*



Stress vs. Strain

Mach Number Plane 1 4.845e-001



3-View CAD Assembly



Intergraded Assembly

Research Questions

How to design a honeycomb straightener without interfering with critical aerodynamic processes

- What is the purpose of a flow straightener and why is it critical to the performance of a wind tunnel
- What are the appropriate flow straightening measures for a supersonic wind tunnel with a given area and Mach number
- What size and length of a honeycomb cells?
- What are the forces/stresses acting upon the flow straightener and what is the resulting flow/pressure after?
- Will this straightener interfere with the throat of the wind tunnel?



Mach number distribution along a honeycomb cell for a given wind tunnel working condition. Credit: Alexis Thoeny, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, CA

Citations

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