SAN JOSÉ STATE UNIVERSITY ACADEMIC SENATE<br>2023/2024<br>Agenda<br>May 6, 2024<br>2:00 to 4:00 pm<br>In Person<br>ENG 285/287

I. Call to Order and Roll Call:
II. Land Acknowledgement:
III. Approval of Minutes:
A. Senate Minutes of March 18th not available-to be presented as soon as possible
B. Senate Minutes of April 15, 2024
IV. Communications and Questions:
A. From the Chair of the Senate
B. From the President of the University
V. Executive Committee Report:
A. Minutes of the Executive Committee:

Executive Committee Minutes of April 8, 2024
Executive Committee Minutes of April 22, 2024
Executive Committee Minutes of April 29, 2024
B. Consent Calendar- No Consent
C. Executive Committee Action Items:

Committee on Senate Representation:
AS 1876 Amendment to the Constitution of the Academic Senate of San José State University

AS 1877 Amendment to the Bylaws of the Academic Senate of San José State University
VI. Unfinished Business:

Sense of the Senate, AS 1871, Reaffirming Freedom of Speech and Expression, Promoting Respectful and Civil Dialogue in our Campus Community (Final Reading)
VII. Policy Committee and University Library Board Action Items (In rotation):
A. University Library Board (ULB): No Report
B. Professional Standards Committee (PS):

AS 1870, Modification to S94-5/F95-1 Board of Academic Freedom and Professional Responsibility (Final Reading)

AS 1875, Amendment M to University Policy S15-7, Retention, Tenure and Promotion for Regular Faculty Employees: Procedures (Final Reading)
C. Instruction and Student Affairs Committee (I\&SA):

AS 1872, Amendment A to S17-1, University Policy, Culminating Activities and Final Examinations Policy (Final Reading)

AS 1873, University Policy, Student Advising and Holistic Student Support Services Policy (Final Reading)
D. Organization and Government Committee (O\&G): No Report
E. Curriculum and Research Committee (C\&R):

AS 1874, University Policy, Organization of the Academic Planning Process at San Jose State University (First Reading)
VIII. Special Committee Reports:

None
IX. New Business:

None
X. State of the University Announcements:
A. Chief Diversity Officer
B. Vice President for Student Affairs
C. Provost
D. Vice President for Administration and Finance
E. Associated Students President
F. CSU Statewide Representative(s)
XI. Adjournment

## 2023-2024 Academic Senate Minutes <br> April 15, 2024

## I. Call to Order and Roll Call

Vice Chair Hart confirmed the quorum, and the meeting was called to order at 2:00 p.m., and 44 Senators were present.

| Ex Officio: <br> Present: Curry, Multani, Sasikumar, Van Selst, Rodan, McKee <br> Absent: McKee | HHS Representatives: Present: Baur, Chang, Sen Absent: None |
| :---: | :---: |
| Administrative Representatives: <br> Present: Del Casino, Faas, Fuentes-Martin, Dukes <br> Absent: Teniente-Matson, Faas | COB Representatives: Present: Chen, Vogel Absent: None |
| Deans / AVPs: <br> Present: d'Alarcao, Kaufman, Meth, Shillington Absent: Kaufman, Shillington | EDUC Representatives: <br> Present: Mathur, Munoz-Munoz <br> Absent: None |
| Students: <br> Present: Brown, Doshi, Guzman, Gambarin, Lacson, Swaminathan Absent: Guzman | ENGR Representatives: <br> Present: Sullivan-Green, Wong <br> Absent: Kao |
| Alumni Representative: Absent: Vacant | H\&A Representatives: Present: Han, Sabalius, Frazier, Kataoka Absent: Lee, Riley |
| Emeritus Representative: Present: Jochim Absent: None | SCI Representatives: <br> Present: French, Heindl, Shaffer, Muller Absent: None |
| Honorary Representative: <br> Present: Peter <br> Absent: Buzanski, Lessow-Hurley | SOS Representatives: <br> Present: Hart, Raman, Pinnell, Meniketti <br> Absent: Haverfield |
| General Unit Representatives: <br> Present: Johnson, Masegian, Pendyala Absent: Flandez, Velarde |  |

## II. Land Acknowledgement:

Senator Chen read the land acknowledgment.

## III. Communications and Questions

## A. From the Chair of the Senate:

- Please nominate a colleague and/or self-nominate to serve on the Provost's Review Committee. Include the name of the nominated person, the title, and the college with the nomination. If selfnominating, include a statement reflecting your interest and
qualifications for serving on the review committee. Nominations must be submitted to sjsupres@sjsu.edu by Friday, April 19, 2024.
- Please self-nominate to serve as a Senate officer. To run for any of these offices, please email a short statement of interest to senate@sjsu.edu by the end of the day on Monday, April 29th.
- Senators should fill out the committee preference form, or a committee will be assigned to them. Senators will be notified on April 29th.
- The Chair wished good luck to all the student senators running for AS office.
- Congratulations to Senator Hiu Yung Wong for being awarded SJSU's Industry-Supported Research Award.
- SJSU's Legacy of Poetry will be celebrated the week of April 22.


## B. From the President:

President Teniente-Matson's written report will be shared via the Senate listserv.

## IV. Executive Committee Report:

## A. Minutes of the Executive Committee:

EC Minutes of March 11, 2024-no questions.
EC Minutes of March 25, 2024
Q: Has the naming committee formed to rename CPGE already completed its work?
A (Provost): No, the committee will present its report and recommendations to the Senate Executive Committee on April 22nd.

## B. Senate Calendar of 2024-25

C: AS President offered input on times for Senate meetings and what times to avoid so as not to conflict with regular committee meetings.

The motion to approve the calendar passed 37-0-0.
C. Executive Committee Action Items: None
V. Unfinished Business: None
VI. Policy Committee and University Library Board Action Items (In rotation)
A. Curriculum and Research Committee (C\&R):

Senator Shaffer presented AS 1867, Amendment B to University Policy S14-6, Policy and Assurance for Humane Care and Use of Animals at San José State University (Final Reading).

Questions
Q: Is the chair of this committee having an appointment time of 12 months? A: Yes

The policy was moved to a vote and approved by acclamation.

## B. Organization and Government Committee ( O\&G): No report

C. Instruction and Student Affairs Committee (I\&SA):

Senator Sullivan-Green presented AS 1872, Amendment A to S17-1, University Policy, Culminating Activities and Final Examinations Policy (First Reading)

Senator Sullivan-Green commented that this policy is a significant amendment to S17-1 which does not give culminating activities and final examinations equal consideration. This amendment clarifies what a culminating activity is, and the standards it needs to meet. Final examinations are to be changed from two hours and fifteen minutes to two hours. Additionally, no examinations will be held before 8:30 since research students are not at their best that early.

## Questions

Q: If there are no more 7:15 examinations, does that add an extra day of the examination period, making the student go home a day later?
A: No, since the time changed from two hours and fifteen minutes to two hours.
C: I want to clarify if this applies to online classes, and finals need to be two hours as well.
A: Yes; however, this is different for an asynchronous class.
Q: Some students stay the whole time. Is there any outreach to ask faculty if they need two hours and fifteen minutes?
A: We can consider this; however, we want to get this passed so it can be implemented in the fall of 2024.
Q: What about considerations of accessibility?
A: The time will still be proportional to the time needed for those with accommodations.
C: I think this will help our commuter students who already have to wake up so early to get here and find parking. This helps to break down those barriers for them.
Q: What about those professors who make their finals worth zero percent of the grade?

A: It would be hard to put in policy what a final examination is. This amendment requires you to have one when it is, and how long it should be. The committee can consider this issue, though.
Q: What about portfolios that are done over a period of time?
A: This ensures that nothing that is supposed to count for the final examination can be due before the time assigned.

## Senator Sullivan-Green presented AS 1873, University Policy, Student Advising and Holistic Student Support Services Policy (First Reading)

Senator Sullivan-Green commented that this would replace the 1989 policy since it is not up to date, and the updated version was vetoed by the then President in 2021. This is based on the NACADA reports of 2019 and 2023 to clearly delineate the responsibility and training for advising. We have discussed this with the Provost.

## Questions

Q: Will this require more training and a bigger workload? Faculty are already facing diminishing assigned time. Is this additional training and work going to be worth it?
A: The training/workload will be proportional.
Q: This might cause an issue with lecturers' contracts since they are not paid for this extra work.
Q: What do we mean by holistic student support? We don't want students to think it relates to mental health support, which is what advising is trained in. A: No, advising does not have the same responsibilities as mental health counselors. This language is on trend with the NACADA report.

## D. Professional Standards Committee (PS):

Senator French presented AS 1870, Modification to S94-5/F95-1 Board of Academic Freedom and Professional Responsibility (First Reading)

Senator French commented that they kept none of the original policy, so it can be a full new policy and easier to find on the Senate website. This modification streamlines the policy and moves the procedural language to the index. Instead of listing what the board cannot do, it lists what it can do.

## Questions

Q: Why does it restrict members of the board to only full-tenure faculty?
A: The fraught nature of the board's work could make members vulnerable, and the rank of full professor will protect the members who serve. Also, the work of the committee aligns with the role of a full professor.
C: There are no explicit provisions on appeals.
A: We will address this.

C: I am worried that it can make the board unapproachable, non empathetic, and more elitist. Can other voices be brought in, or training on empathy? Tenured faculty are less likely to face bullying compared to lecturers.
A: Full professors are not immune to bullying others, or being bullied.
C: More information on the boundaries of the board's responsibilities could be helpful. How is it separate from/different from the personnel and/or adjudication processes that happen elsewhere (UP, Title IX, ODEI, etc.)? C: The members of the board are all volunteers.
C: If decisions on the committee are made by votes, then it could be helpful to bring in other members who are not full Professors, perhaps as non-voting members. This would provide additional input and perspectives but reduce vulnerability (because they are non-voting).
C: The names of board members are public, which is a consideration of vulnerability.

## E. University Library Board (ULB):

## Nada Attar and Edgar Bering presented AS 1869, Amendment E to University Policy S15-10, Revisions to SJSU Library Policy (Final Reading)

Edgar Bering commented that they want to thank the Senate for considering their amendment and that they share the core values of creating a place of diversity. Attar and Bering shared a presentation to discuss collaborative collection development, serendipity, faculty-librarian relationships, and interdisciplinarity. They pointed out they heard the concerns that faculty involvement in the deselection process was greatly reduced in the new policy. They assured the body that is not the case. Additionally, they reminded the faculty that the librarian-faculty relationship is not a one-way street. Our librarians work hard to maintain close ties with their departments and faculty members. When it comes to deselection, librarians use subject knowledge, including expertise in relevant and seminal literature, circulation statistics, and an understanding of the collections in other CSU libraries, as well as the consultation process with you outlined in the policy to create a compelling picture of what items can be deselected. This is a process that is done thoughtfully, deliberately, and collaboratively. Your input is always valuable and welcomed. They added "faculty" to any mention of the department in the deselection process. Finally, there was a concern expressed about the lack of measures for managing deselection in regards to interdisciplinarity. Collection management has always been interdisciplinary. The consultative process described between librarians and faculty, when paired with statistical data, should bring interdisciplinary issues to the fore.

## Questions

Q: Since space seems to be one of the problems, has there been a discussion about turning hard copies into PDFs?

A (Meth): Space is not the only issue; it is about our collection becoming unusable and sharpening our collection.
Q: I can understand that some books in the library need to be removed; however, are they being replaced with more books, or will that space be repurposed?
A (Meth): There are no current plans or money to repurpose areas. Once we can go through the deselection process, we can analyze since shelves should be, on average, at $70 \%$ capacity, and we have some at $100 \%$. We do not discard any book we know is not going to be available in another way. If it happens that we get rid of a book and you come and say you really need it, then we can work to repurchase it.
Q: In line 287, relating to student members serving more than one term, did you ask AS how this procedure would be? Academic eligibility and such have to be checked for them to continue to serve.
A: No, we did not ask AS about this; however, we can.
Senator Van Selst proposed an amendment to lines 285-287
An amendment was made to Lines 285-287: "The other student members will serve one-year terms, provided they remain students in good standing.
Student members may serve more than one term." to "The other student members will serve one-year terms, provided they remain students in good standing and may be appointed for an additional term or terms. Student members may serve more than one term." The amendment passed.

Senator Kataoka proposed an amendment to Senator Van Selst's amendment, which failed.

The final amended policy was moved to a vote and was approved by acclamation.

## VII. Special Committee Reports:

Yinghua Huang, chair of the Athletics Board (AB), Travis Boyce, Faculty Athletics Representative (FAR), and Jeff Konya, Director of Athletics, gave their yearly report to the Senate. Time Certain: 2:30 p.m.

Travis Boyce described the FAR and his daily tasks. The FAR is a liaison between the university and athletics. They monitor the institution's academic integrity and protect student-athletes. On a daily basis, Boyce signs off on eligibility grids. So far, Boyce is seeing a disconnect with faculty understanding of travel letters for student athletics. He is planning on meeting with the department chairs and faculty members to discuss this issue. Boyce touched on different events he has represented SJSU at, and some accomplishments while also acknowledging others who work with him to get these things accomplished.

Yinghua Huang commented that the Athletic Board met with the President. They were tasked with reviewing FirstTeam Sports Consulting, LLC's third-party report and submitted a letter of recommendation to the President. In addition, the AB also interviewed candidates for the Academic Coach of the Year Award and selected two recipients. They learned about the special admits process for student athletics from Deanna Gonzales, Director of Undergraduate Admissions. Reviewed FAR Responsibilities and Goals for the 23-24 AY. Reviewed and discussed athletics-related budgetary issues with Dr. Tabitha Hart, Chair of the Budget Advisory Committee. Reviewed the current Academic Policy F07-2 and proposed modifications to the policy.

The Director of Athletics, Jeff Konya, showed a video to give a sense of SJSU athletics. Konya expressed excitement over the SJSU Oregon State Football game, which was the most-watched Mountain West game. SJSU was also voted the best Silicon Valley football team for the third time by the Mercury News. Konya also mentioned the AB's charge to determine if SJSU is in the correct NCA classification. If they are in the proper conference, do we have the right mix of sports? The AB has submitted recommendations; however, there has not been any discussion on them yet. He then summarized the athletics program relating to the budget cut by reducing administrators, capping rosters, and reducing scholarships and starting salaries.

## Questions:

Q: What is the athletic department doing to monitor head injuries to prevent CTE? Has the number of head injuries gone down? Years prior, the AB has shared reports on the numbers of concussions and such.
A: We will provide objective results from sports medicine. The numbers have been down since last year; however, this could be due to many things.
Q: How has advising changed or improved for student athletics so they don't feel rushed into picking classes? Are the athletes getting enough nutrition breaks during training and class schedules?
A: There has been a new hire relating to advising, and student-athletes have expressed satisfaction. For nutrition, the NCAA has specific rules that are being followed.
Q: Regarding the survey on collegiate wagering and the social environment, what are your concerns and the NCAA's?
A: As social media grows, student-athletes can now market themselves in different ways. We want the athletes to be aware that there is now betting on non-revenue sports, which can put them in danger of online bullying and such. Q: Can coaches be hired in unit 3 , and what is the percentage of coaches in unit 3 ?
A: There are MPP coaches and unit 3 coaches, depending on whether they oversee people or not. $95 \%$ of coaches are in Unit 3.

Q: How much of the budget is for the next AY for the general unit coming out from the state?
A: 14.8 million from the state, which is being reduced. External funding is 13 million, which goes to scholarships.
Q: Does the $A B$ also offer protections relating to Title IX, mental health, and bullying, or only academic integrity?
$A$ : The $A B$ is there to make policies relating to academics and athletics. If a student-athlete has another issue, they should go to the FAR.
Q: Will the students who no longer receive scholarships be notified and provided with support?
A: Students will be notified by a July deadline, as per regulations. However, this will more likely affect future recruitment and rosters. There are no students competing this year who will have scholarships removed for next year.
Q: Is there any new revenue the athletics department is anticipating?
A: We are looking into fixed terms for naming certain assets; however, we must check if this is possible. Specifically, we are naming assets in the building since only $50 \%$ of the building is currently named.

## Motion to extend the meeting <br> A motion to extend the meeting by 10 minutes was made, seconded, and passed by acclamation.

## VIII. New Business: <br> AS President Multani presented Sense of the Senate, AS 1871, Reaffirming Freedom of Speech and Expression, Promoting Respectful and Civil Dialogue in our Campus Community

President Multani commented that he brought this sense of the Senate to the Senate meeting in response to the continued discussion of this topic in the Senate. This Sense of the Senate is to create dialogue on the issues instead of disagreeing and leaving it at that point. The country continues to see more divided topics, and we must consider how this affects us and the student body. Multani thanked the faculty who helped create this Sense of the Senate: senators Vogel, Guzman, Peter, and Masegian.

Senator Rodan proposed an amendment to remove lines 24-27." Whereas: On February 19, 2024, a serious incident arose in Sweeney Hall between an SJSU professor and Pro-Palestinian protestors, which led to heightened tensions amongst the student body, both for students who were and were not present in the building and"

C: This points to a specific incident where there is still a lack of clarity about what happened. This created a specific division on certain lines where there were strong options on both sides. We should not make reference to this incident.

A: I can understand; however, we cannot ignore this incident because it led to the creation of this Sense of the Senate. If we are not willing to discuss these incidents, then nothing will be done to combat the tensions. We can remove some language if need be, but the mention of the incident is important.
Senator Sabalius seconded Senator Rodan's amendment.
C: Mentioning the incident will diminish the universality of the Senate's resolution. If we remove it, it can stand the test of time and be stronger.
C: This event should not be put aside. History needs to be reported, and this incident led to this Sense of the Senate being created.
C: Previous sense of the senate resolutions have mentioned specific events. The Rodan amendment failed 10-15-1
A motion was made by Senator Mathur to amend lines 25-27:
"which led to heightened tensions amongst the student body, both for students within the campus community, both for students, faculty, and for staff who were and were not present in the building."
The amendment was deemed as friendly and accepted without further action. Deliberation and debate of AS 1871 was suspended due to adjournment of the meeting.

## IX. State of the University Announcements:

A. Chief Diversity Officer (CDO): Report moved to next meeting.
B. Vice President for Student Affairs (VPSA): Report moved to next meeting.
C. Provost: Report moved to next meeting.
D. Vice President for Administration and Finance (VPAF): Report moved to next meeting.
E. Associated Students President: Report moved to next meeting.
F. CSU Statewide Representative(s): Report moved to next meeting.
X. Adjournment: The meeting adjourned at 5:13 p.m.

# President's Report to Academic Senate 

## May 6, 2024

## Themes for Priorities

## - Holistic Student Academic Success

- Closing GI 2025 Equity Gaps \& New CO initiatives
- Enrollment growth, persistence, retention and time to degree
- Alignment of Resources across divisions, every area responsible from Enrollment to Graduation
- Academic planning and program offerings
- Leading the Campus (Transparency) to a Financially Sustainable and Balanced Budget
- Diversify external revenues (i.e. fundraising, federally sponsored activity, external financial support/sponsorships, etc.)
- Grow Tuition
- Expanding housing solutions
- Rebuilding a Culture of Caring, Trust and Inclusivity
- Building and sustaining our commitment to Title IX and DHR (alignment across divisions)
- Building, Coordinating and sustaining a commitment to DEIJ
- Build \& Sustain a Community of Culture of Care and Respect
- Alumni Engagement
- Best in Class: Institutional Values and Strategic Plan Recalibration
- Holistic Outcomes based approach aligned where practical with Accreditation
- Coordinated Communications across divisions (internally and externally)
- Innovation and Cutting-Edge Engagement to solve regional problems (AI, Climate, Talent)
- Business of Running the University
- Consistently Building Brand \& Brand Reputation across markets including (alumni, students, internal, funders, all stakeholders)
- Continuous Improvement. Building a Culture of Shared Services, Reducing Bureaucracy
- Internal and External Communications (Digital strategies)
- Improve Classroom/IT support for faculty \& student engagement and experience
- Safety and Emergency Preparedness
- Comprehensive Campaign Readiness


## May Update

- Holistic Student Academic Success
- Commencement schedule (May 22-24); Financial Aid award letters out; Intent to Enroll May 15.
- 38th Annual CSU Student Research Competition -
- 3 students placed first, 1 second place, 1 honorable mention
- CSU Startup Launch Competition - $\$ 52,000$ in prize money
- Concussion Coach: Grand Prize Winner, Second Place in Two Categories
- Team Firewatch: Top 8 Finalist, Second Place in Two Categories
- AB 928 Update
- Leading the Campus (Transparency) to a Financially
 Sustainable and Balanced Budget
- Budget message (April 30); continued development of FY24/25 budget. Auxiliary, Enterprise Funds and SSETF budget reviews underway.
- Segal Consulting with UP and NACUBO Consulting for the Workgroups
- Reports under development- anticipated by May 30.
- Athletics board meeting May 10


## May Update

- Rebuilding a Culture of Caring, Trust and Inclusivity
- Reminder of TPM policies/procedures (May 2)
- Continuous Improvement to support advisors and student groups.
- Title IX and DHR merger occurring by end of Fiscal Year
- Best in Class: Institutional Values and Strategic Plan Recalibration
- AI Vision Statement
- Launch of MLK Library AI site, SJSU site in development. Al Futures Forum

- Meetings with Nvidia and Plug N Play
- SP Goal Teams meeting underway by VPs


## May Update

- Business of Running the University
- 5-year review for Provost Del Casino
- Fundraising on track. Honorary-doctorate events (May 14 and 16)
- SVBJ Elevate Downtown Sponsorship
- Engage in conversations about Downtown San José and partnership in key areas
- Classroom Tech Update



# Senate Executive Committee 

Minutes of April 8, 2024
12:00-1:30 p.m.
Clark 551

Present: Baur, Curry, French, Fuentes-Martin, Kataoka, Sullivan-Green, Sasikumar (Chair), Teniente-Matson, Wong

Absent: Del Casino, Dukes, Faas, Multani, Hart
Recorders: Julia Curry and Reiko Kataoka
I. Approval of the agenda of April 8, 2024 (approved)
II. Approval of the minutes of the meeting of March 11, 2024 (approved as amended)
III. Approval of the minutes of the meeting of March 25, 2024 (approved as amended)
IV. President's update includes the following:

- The Provost is looking into Enrollment Management position and the name of the Senior AVP will be announced soon.
- Dean Marc d'Alarcao will be Interim VP for Research and Innovation, reporting on the R\&I component to the President, and the College of Graduate Studies component to the Provost.
V. Discussion on future Executive Committee (EC) meetings
- Discussion on the frequency and ways to make EC meetings more efficient. Cabinet members and Policy Committee Chairs often do not have time to report out.
- Uploading reports prior to the meeting would make meetings more efficient. Mechanism of officially including the written reports in the minutes would be needed.
- Consider allowing for remote participation of members on a case by case basis. AS 1832 allows hybrid modality only for policy committee meetings, not for Senate or Executive Committee meetings.
- Pro - good for participation, accommodation, accessibility etc.
- Con - concerns about degradation of morale and quality of communication
- A referral to modify Standing Rules, 17 g (modality), may be written.
- Reducing the number of meetings did not gain support.

Prior to the next topic, the Academic Senate Meeting calendar for 24-25 was approved unanimously.
VI. The Committee of the Provost's five-year review

- The committee will start working in fall.
- There will be a call for a Statement of Interest from the President's Office.
- Its members need to reflect broad representations.
VII. Policy Committee updates (work in progress)
- Curriculum and Research
- Program Planning Policy
- Humane Care and Use of Animals Policy
- Continuing Education Unit Policy
- Professional Standards:
- rescind and replace policy on S99-9
- amendment on F15-7 to require permission to create departmental RTP guidelines.
- policy on data storage and recording of faculty intellectual properties
- will work with AS on ways to increase SOTEs response rate.
- amendment on the university RTP policy
- Voting rights on department chair elections (lecturer voting rights)
- Instructions and Student Affairs:
- Student advising and support policy
- Culminating activity policy
- Organization \& Government:
- Amendment to S17-1
- Other resolutions/report that are expected at the $04 / 15$ Senate meeting:
- Sense of the Senate resolution on civil discourse initiated by the AS President
- policy amendment from the University Library Board
- a report from the Athletics Board

A discussion on minutes for the remaining EC and Senate meetings followed. Julia Curry and Reiko Kataoka will take notes for the EC meetings, and Grace Barbieri and Tabitha Hart will take notes for the Senate Meetings.
VIII. University Updates

- CDO (absent)
- Statewide Senator (none)
- CFO (absent)
- Provost (absent)
- AS President (absent)
- VPSA (none)
IX. The meeting adjourned at $1: 30$ p.m.

The minutes were taken by Julia Curry and Reiko Kataoka on April 8, 2024, reviewed and accepted by Senate Chair Karthika Sasikumar on April 16, 2024 The minutes were approved by the Senate Executive Committee on April 22, 2024.

# Senate Executive Committee 

Minutes of April 22, 2024
12:00-1:30 p.m.
Clark 551

Present: Baur, Curry, Del Casino, Dukes, Faas, French, Fuentes-Martin, Kataoka, Multani, Sasikumar (Chair), Sullivan-Green, Teniente-Matson, Wong

Absent: Hart, McKee
Recorders: Julia Curry and Reiko Kataoka
I. Approval of the agenda of April 22, 2024 (approved)
II. Approval of the minutes of the meeting of April 8, 2024 (approved)

## III. Chair's Update

- There might be an additional EC meeting on May $13^{\text {th }}$, noon to 1 pm .
- A guest presenter Janet Sundrud from the CSR will join the meeting today.
- SJSU's Legacy of Poetry is celebrated during this National Poetry Week.
IV. President's update: No update. It immediately moved to Q-A.

Q:There seems to be a plan to impose a fee for students to attend commencement, with two alternatives - a smaller fee for all students or charge beyond 1-2 free tickets.
A: There is no proposal on the table. Revenue comes from tickets. University Advancement is exploring the cost and options.

Comment: ASCSU has just raised this issue.
Response: Majority of the CSU campuses have commencement fees.
Comment: Tuition fee was just raised. This additional raise on students is concerning.
V. Presentation of the Naming Committee Recommendations - by VP for University Advancement, Judy Nagai

Vice President for University Advancement Judy Nagai presented the recommendations of the Naming Committee for the naming of the two rooms of the Charles W. Davidson College of Engineering, occasioned by philanthropic gifts from individual and corporate donors as follows:

1. Engineering Room 495 to be named as The Vy and Timothy Li Laboratory for Human Factors Research.
2. Industrial Studies Room 117 to be named as The LitePoint Wireless Communications and Electronics Lab.
The EC members asked questions such as the type of donation, usage of the donation, and conditions of naming.

A motion to approve the first proposal was made (Multani), seconded, and approved by unanimous vote.

A motion to approve the second proposal was made (Multani), seconded, and approved by unanimous vote.
VI. Discussion of the amendments to the Constitution and Bylaws of the Senate - by Co-Chair of the CSR Janet Sundrud

The Co-Chair of the Committee on Senate Representation, Janet Sundrud presented the amendments to the Constitution and Bylaws of the Senate, as proposed by the CSR. In addition to the structural changes presented and discussed previously, there were three new clauses, each is intended to:

1. Allow faculty senators to serve without conflict with their other university obligations, such as teaching;
2. allow time for service work for staff senators and ensure independent opinions are voiced by staff in the senate; and
3. foster broader consultation with bodies representing lecturers.

Suggestions for improvement were offered, which would be reflected in the revised recommendations.

Further discussions and questions:
Q:The proposed change would create several more faculty seats. How would those seats be distributed? What would be the impact on the General Unit?
A: When Unit 4 SSP members make their own unit, the General Unit will be smaller in size. The new seat distribution can be calculated for continued discussions.

Q: Who are the Unit 3 members other than the T/TT and lecturer faculty?
A: Coaches, counselors, and librarians
Comment: Library could be an independent unit.
Comment: Current criteria ( 50 FTEF and at least three departments) might be reexamined. There are smaller colleges that have many students.

Q: Could the recommendations be split into a series of multiple recommendations?
A: Some pieces are critically connected, but the key recommendations could be presented first, followed by subsequent recommendations for finer details.

The EC proposes that the CSR's term will continue into the fall semester. Those members who are available and willing will continue. Other members' terms end this semester.
VII. Presentation of the Naming Committee Recommendations - by Dean Marc d'Alarcao

The Dean of the College of Graduate Studies, Marc d'Alarcao, presented the recommendations of the ad hoc Naming Committee that was tasked to consider a name change of the south wing of Duncan Hall. The committee's recommendation was to rename the south wing from the previous name of Wilbur H. Swanson Microbiology Laboratories to Patrick Hamill Science Laboratories.

The EC members asked questions about the procedures involved in the renaming.
A motion to rename the south wing to Patrick Hamill Science Laboratories was made (French), seconded, and approved with unanimous vote.
VIII. The meeting adjourned at 1:30 p.m.

The minutes were taken by Julia Curry and Reiko Kataoka on April 22, 2024, reviewed and accepted by Senate Chair Karthika Sasikumar on April 29, 2024 The minutes were approved by the Senate Executive Committee on April XX, 2024.

# Senate Executive Committee 

Minutes of April 29, 2024
12:00-1:30 p.m.
Clark 551

Present: Baur, Curry, Del Casino, Dukes, Faas, French, Fuentes-Martin, Hart, Kataoka, Multani, Sasikumar (Chair), Teniente-Matson, Wong

Absent: McKee, Sullivan-Green

Minutes taken by Hart

1. Approval of the agenda of April 29, 2024: unanimously approved
2. Approval of the minutes of the meeting of April 22, 2024: unanimously approved
3. Chair's update (none)
4. President's update
a. The commencement schedule is proceeding as planned with provisions being taken in the event of protests.
b. President is expecting to receive the reports from the six workgroups charged with reviewing and recalibrating divisions on campus
5. Naming Committee for CPGE; unanimously approved
6. Approval of the consent calendar, including the Policy committees with ConC

Recommendations: unanimously approved
7. Recommendations of two Athletics Board members: unanimously approved
a. Miwa Merz (Marketing \& Business Analytics)
b. Alaka Rao (School of Management)
8. Recommendation of one member for the University Sustainability Board
a. MeganThiele Strong (Sociology and Interdisciplinary Social Sciences):
recommended
9. Selection of a Budget Advisory Committee member
a. 1 Faculty Senator: Thomas Madura (Physics \& Astronomy): recommended for Seat G
b. 1 Faculty-at-Large member: Tabled because verification of interest and eligibility is needed.
10. Selection of a senator for the College of Engineering (Fall 2024)
a. Katy Kao: approved
11. Selection of a senator for the College of Engineering (2024-25)
a. Behin Elahi: approved
12. Selection of 5 faculty members to recommend to the president for the Provost Review Committee; applications are in the spreadsheet that was emailed. Recommended faculty members are:
a. Peter Lee
b. Ravisha Mathur
c. Sabrina Pinnell
d. Julian Vogel
e. Hiu Yung Wong

The minutes were taken by Tabitha Hart on April 29, 2024, reviewed, and accepted by Senate Chair Karthika Sasikumar on May 2, 2024 The minutes were approved by the Senate Executive Committee on May 2, 2024.

San José State University One Washington Square San Jose, CA 95192

# AS 1871, Sense of the Senate Resolution, Reaffirming Freedom of Speech and Expression and Promoting Respectful and Civil Dialogue in our Campus Community 

Whereas: San José State University continues to affirm its commitment to "creating a diverse community guided by core values of inclusion, civility, and respect for each individual," (University Policy S01-13: Commitment to a Campus Climate that Values Diversity and Equal Opportunity), and

Whereas: San José State University has declared that "All members of the university community: students, staff, and all faculty" are protected by the tenets of academic freedom (S99-8 and 9 A); and

Whereas: San José State University supports a "lively and fearless freedom of debate and deliberation" and notes that "all members of the University community share in the responsibility for maintaining a climate of mutual respect" (SS S21-3) ; and

Whereas: The Academic Senate of San José State University has condemned ethnocentrism, xenophobia, and racism (SS S20-6), called on our university to preserve civility and combat bullying (Amendment B to University Policy S99-8), and has reaffirmed our "commitment to an inclusive campus climate" (SS-F16-1) and a "safe, supportive, and welcoming community" (SS-F16-1); and

Whereas: On February 19, 2024, a serious incident arose in Sweeney Hall between an SJSU professor and Pro-Palestinian protestors, which led to heightened tensions amongst the student body, both for students who were and were not present in the building; and

Whereas: Freedom of speech is a principle that supports the freedom of an individual or a community to articulate their opinions and ideas without fear of retaliation, censorship, or legal sanction; criticism of a government, political dissatisfaction, and the advocacy of unpopular ideas that people may find distasteful are nearly always protected by the First Amendment to the US Constitution. Only expressions that are shown to belong to a few narrow categories of speech, such as, but not limited to, defamatory language, threats, and words that explicitly incite violence, are not protected by the First Amendment; therefore, be it

Resolved that the Academic Senate of San José State University encourages faculty, staff, and students to learn about the resources and policies in place to support peaceful discourse over ideas. We urge our community to be mindful and empathetic when disagreeing with others, and to be aware of how actions can cause anxiety and fear amongst students, which often leads to feelings of deprived belongingness. We encourage our community to respectfully welcome discourse and disagreement, as they are the foundation and virtue of a free and democratic society. Be it further,

Resolved that the Academic Senate of San José State University strongly encourages, and suggests, the use of the Intra-Group Dialogue (IGD) Program in the Office of Diversity and Inclusion as a useful tool for engaging in difficult but civil discussions of controversial issues. IGD can build one's capacity for inclusive excellence and engagement with social issues in day-to-day work /life. We believe this form of communication is vital for the future of our democracy. Be it further,

Resolved that the Academic Senate encourages the campus community to engage in civil and respectful discourse, without disrespecting or dehumanizing members of our community. We reaffirm that all ideologies and opinions are welcomed in our community, as long as they are protected by the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution. We also reaffirm our University's commitment to diversity, equity, and inclusion.

## Estevan Guzman

Kelly Masegian
Sarab Multani
Kenneth Peter Julian Vogel

San Jose State University
Academic Senate
AS 1870
Professional Standards Committee
May 6, 2024
Final Reading
Policy Recommendation
Board of Professional Responsibility
Legislative History: This proposal would rescind S99-9 (Board of Professional Responsibility) and replace it with the following policy recommendation:

Rationale: The policy establishing the Board of Professional Responsibility has not been updated in 25 years, while the procedures and university offices for addressing breaches of professional ethics have undergone many changes in that time. In addition, the current makeup of the Board dates to a time when the Boards of Academic Freedom and Professional Responsibility were a single unit with a much broader charge. As a result, the current Board is difficult to staff and often cannot operate due to lack of a quorum. Further, the Board has historically operated without sufficient collaboration with the University administration, which has curtailed its effectiveness. Thus, language about the roles of both the University administration and the Board in resolving complaints about breaches of professional responsibility has been added. Finally, Amendment A to S99-8 and S99-9 established an independent Board of Academic Freedom, but the sections of S99-9 declaring the mission and organization of the Board of Professional Responsibility were inadvertently deleted. This policy will establish the Board of Professional Responsibility as a separate entity, including its mission and organization/membership, and address other changes in reporting structures and procedures.

Since the first reading, Professional Standards has received feedback from the Provost's Office, the Senior Associate Vice President for University Personnel, and the Senate. In response to this feedback, we have made the following changes:

1) Updated membership to include Associate Professors and Senior Lecturers.
2) Added information about training requirements for members of the Board.
3) Clarified language about how complaints can be referred to the Board has been clarified - specifically, we have clarified the primary role of the University administration, in particular (but not limited to) the Title IX and Gender Equity Office and UP-AER (University Personnel-Academic Employee Relations) in classifying and referring complaints.
4) Emphasis has been placed on the Board's function in consultation and in seeking informal resolutions whenever possible.
5) Changed communication of findings section to require the Board to make a recommendation in the event that an informal resolution cannot be reached.
6) Removed references to the BPR carrying out investigations.

Resolved: That S99-9 (Board of Professional Responsibility) be rescinded and replaced with the following:

Approved: April 29, 2024
Vote: 10-0-0
Present: Barrera, Blanco, Chen, French, Kazemifar, Pendyala, Pruthi, Raman, Riley, Smith
Absent: Lacson
Financial Impact: None anticipated
Workload Impact: Some additional workload for the administrative office(s) charged with directing complaints to the correct committees, and specifically for the Office of Faculty Services and Academic Employee Relations (UP-AER) with regard to the establishment and posting of procedures, and the evaluation of findings that are proposed to be placed in Personnel Action Files.

Policy Recommendation
Board of Professional Responsibility

## I. Mission

The Board of Professional Responsibility (BPR) is charged with monitoring and ensuring professional responsibility. BPR will evaluate allegations of professional misconduct and infringements of academic freedom in violation of University Policy S99-8(Professional Responsibility), except as noted in Section III below. To carry out this charge, BPR will:

1. Monitor the state of professional responsibility at the University, and make reports and recommendations to the Academic Senate regarding revisions of policy and other documents relating to professional responsibility;
2. Be available to consult confidentially with all members of the University on issues within the Board's purview (see Section III. 3 below);
3. Address complaints of infringements of academic freedom brought by members of the University, issuing findings as appropriate;
4. Advise and assist UP-AER with complaints about breaches of professional responsibility;
5. Review and adjudicate disputes regarding Student Fairness Committee recommendations, as described in University Policy S14-3, section VI.
6. Review and adjudicate disputes regarding recommendations by the Office of Student Conduct and Ethical Development (SCED), as described in University Policy F15-7, Academic Integrity, in the rationale and section 5.0.
7. Present an annual report to the Academic Senate relaying all essential information pertaining to professional responsibility cases, including but not limited to number of complaints, general categories, types of complaints, methods of resolution, and year to year trends.
II. Appointment, Qualifications, and Terms of Membership
8. BPR will consist of five faculty members-at-large, each from a different college/academic unit; membership is restricted to tenured faculty and Senior Lecturer faculty, with a majority of tenured professors. The members shall be appointed by the Academic Senate after recommendation by the Senate Executive Committee, selected through a nominating process.
9. Nominees for the BPR must submit a one-page statement to the Academic Senate Executive Committee indicating their interest and experience. Preference will be given to nominees with expertise or training in conflict resolution,
mediation, and other areas of BPR's work. Faculty nominated for BPR shall have a reputation for ethical behavior, and their integrity and honor must be held in the highest regard by their colleagues. Administrative members of the Executive Committee (the President and Provost) shall review the personnel action files (PAFs) of nominees and consult with the appropriate Title IX/DHR administrator(s) and UP-AER, re: any in-progress matters/investigations and/or other relevant concerns, prior to the Executive Committee's deliberations.
10. BPR members will serve staggered terms of two years, with the potential for reappointment for up to two additional terms. The BPR will elect a Chair for a oneyear term, covering the academic year. Members will be replaced by the process described above as their terms expire.
11. All members shall sign a statement prepared by UP indicating that they agree to keep confidential all content of complaints, consultations, and committee deliberations. Committee members may not participate in deliberations until after having signed the agreement.
12. At the start of their term, BPR members will receive standard anti-bias and conflict resolution trainings. The appropriate trainings will be determined and implemented in consultation with UP.
13. BPR members should recuse themselves when necessary to avoid the possibility (or the appearance) of bias or conflict of interest.
III. Complaints Containing Allegations of Faculty Professional Misconduct
14. Complaints containing allegations of faculty professional misconduct in alignment with University Policy S99-8 will first be evaluated by the appropriate administrative offices, such as Office for Title IX/DHR and/or Equal Opportunity/Academic Employee Relations, and only those complaints deemed appropriate to the purview of the BPR will be referred to the Board. Complaints containing allegations of faculty professional misconduct may initially be submitted to any university administrative office designated by the University to receive such complaints and may not necessarily be referred to the BPR, particularly if the complaint overlaps other policies and/or Executive Orders.
a. Pursuant to applicable Executive Orders and/or policies, a list of these offices shall be publicly posted by the University through its various platforms of communication.
b. Pursuant to applicable Executive Orders and/or policies, each office will assign the responsibilities related to these complaints to a selected representative in their respective offices.
c. UP shall designate a person to consult with and assist BPR with its responsibilities related to transmitted complaints.
d. Should a complaint come directly to the Board concerning anything outside of its purview, it will immediately refer the matter to the Office for Title IX/DHR.
15. Transmission to BPR. Various campus offices may receive complaints for behavior alleged to be in violation of law and/or CSU/SJSU Executive Orders and/or policies. After appropriate review, if the alleged violative behavior concerns only University Policy S99-8, the complaint(s) shall be referred to UPAER (if not already in that office), for transmission to the BPR.
16. Consultation. The members of the BPR shall, provide consultation to and shall consult with UP-AER involving complaints containing allegations of faculty professional misconduct. The primary goals of the BPR are to provide private consultation and to work towards the informal resolution to conflicts. Per CSU policy ${ }^{1}$, all members of the BPR are responsible employees with a duty to report; thus the BPR cannot be considered a confidential resource (see I, paragraph 2 above). Complaints/requests for consultations (including pre-grievance consultations) received directly by the BPR that appear to involve, in any manner, allegations of protected status ${ }^{2}$ discrimination, harassment and/or retaliation as defined by Executive Order ${ }^{3}$ will be immediately referred to the Title IX/DHR administrator/office. This includes complaints/requests for consultation implicating Article $16^{4}$ of the CSU-CFA Collective Bargaining Agreement. However, BPR members will hold confidential the content of complaints/requests for consultations and any subsequent committee discussions and/or deliberations in all cases that appropriately reside with BPR.
17. In consultation with UP-AER, BPR shall develop and revise, as needed, procedures to process requests for consultation/complaints from receipt to resolution. Appendix A includes a list of suggested procedures. BPR's procedures shall be publicly posted by the University through its various platforms of communications.

## IV. Alleged Infringements of Academic Freedom

1. University offices receiving complaints containing allegations of infringements of academic freedom in alignment with University Policy S99-8 shall transmit such complaints to the BPR within 10 working days of receipt.
2. BPR will develop and revise, as needed, procedures to evaluate allegations of

[^0]infringements of academic freedom in violation of University Policy S99-8.
V. Communication of Findings

1. The findings of the BPR related to SFC or SCED cases shall be addressed as described in University Policy S14-3, Student Fairness Dispute Resolution, and University Policy F15-7, Academic Integrity.
2. The findings of the BPR related to breaches of professional responsibility shall be presented to the involved parties in writing. Such findings may fall into three categories:
a. The BPR may find that a complaint is without merit or that the evidence is insufficient to determine that a complaint has merit. In such cases, the decision of the BPR is final.
b. The BPR may find that a complaint has merit and that a satisfactory informal resolution can be reached. In such cases, the findings and resolution achieved shall be documented and sent to the principal parties and UP-AER.
c. The BPR may find that a complaint has merit and is of sufficient gravity that an informal resolution is not achievable. In such cases, the BPR shall make recommendations for further action to the President. It shall document such recommendations by following the procedures for placing material in the PAF as established in the CFA/CSU Collective Bargaining Agreement. ${ }^{5}$

## History

The procedures of this policy were first provided in S94-5 created by the Professional Standards Committee, and approved by the Academic Senate on May 2, 1994. S94-5 was approved and signed as University Policy on May 11, 1994. S94-5 was created to implement S93-12 on Academic Freedom and Professional Responsibility. S94-5 was slightly amended by F95-1 approved as University Policy on October 2, 1996. S94-5 and F95-1 were modified and reissued as a new policy (S99-9) on May 4, 1999. S99-9 was further modified by Amendment A to S99-8 and S99-9 on August 21, 2023.

[^1]
## Appendix A: Suggested Procedures for Complaints Containing Allegations of

 Professional Misconduct or Infringements of Academic FreedomThe BPR is charged with developing procedures, in consultation with the UP-AER, to address and resolve complaints in alignment with University Policy S99-8 (Professional Responsibility). These procedures may include (but are not limited to):

1. Development of a process to examine and discuss an incoming complaint;
2. Development of standards to determine whether a complaint is amenable to informal resolution and, the process of conducting an informal resolution
3. Development of a process that BPR will use to assist in achieving informal resolutions;
4. Development of a method for determining the Board's final findings and voting on them;
5. Development of notification procedures including but not limited to the principal parties and other relevant parties;
6. Development of a process for the communication of findings to all required parties (see Section V above);

SAN JOSÉ STATE UNIVERSITY
Academic Senate
AS 1872
Instruction and Student Affairs Committee
May 6, 2024
Final Reading

## POLICY RECOMMENDATION

## Amendment A to S17-1, University Policy, Culminating Activities and Final Examinations Policy

## Amends: S17-1

Whereas, SJSU's final examination periods are among the longest in the CSU system; and

Whereas, Research shows that students, especially teenagers and young adults, are not the most effective academically in early morning hours. It suggests that taking early morning examinations is akin to taking examinations with jetlag, which can be problematic given that such final examinations and culminating activities may be a significant portion of a student's final course grade; and

Whereas, In response to this body of evidence, the State of California now requires high schools to begin no earlier than 08:30 AM; and

Whereas, Early exam times outside of business hours may make commutes challenging for students who rely on public transportation to arrive in time to take a final exam that begins at 07:15 AM, the current start time of final examinations; and

Whereas, Early morning examination times may also cause stress for students who have family obligations, such as childcare or eldercare, that are dependent on business hours; and

Whereas, Early morning examination periods may be assigned to classes that start as late as 10:25, which is significantly different than the normal class meeting times; and

Whereas, The current policy related to culminating activities and final examinations does not provide equal consideration for culminating activities other than final examinations, such as papers, projects, artistic works, presentations, or performances; and

Whereas, With the expansion of online coursework and programs, the policy should provide specific guidance on culminating activities and final examinations for online, hybrid, and asynchronous courses; and

Whereas, The current Excused Absence Policy (S22-2) should be clearly identified and applied within the context of culminating activities for culminating activities and final examinations; therefore, be it,

Resolved, That University Policy S17-1 be revised as follows.

Approved: April 29, 2024
Vote: 14-0-0
Present: Samuel Brown, Diya Doshi, Lisa Giampaolo, Estevan Guzman, Melinda Jackson (non-voting), Ravisha Mathur, Kelly Masegian, Gilles Muller, Sarab Multani, Iris Price, Eric Rollerson, Soma Sen, Jon Tucker, Julian Vogel, Gregory Wolcott

Absent: Amy Leisenring (non-voting), Romey Sabalius, Laura Sullivan-Green
Financial Impact: None
Workload Impact: Small initial workload for Academic Scheduling to modify the current final exam schedule, as well as update relevant documentation.

## Original Policy:

Approved: November 14, 2016
Vote: 16-0-0
Present: Campsey, Kaufman, Khan, Medina, Medrano, Miller, Nash, Ng (non-voting), Perea, Sen, Simpson, Spica, Sullivan-Green, Trousdale, Walters, Wilson, Whyte
Financial Impact: None
Workload Impact: Small workload addition for chairs to educate and consult with faculty members about appropriate culminating experiences.

## University Policy <br> Culminating Activities and Final Examinations

Faculty members are required to have a culminating activity for their courses. Culminating activities can include a final examination, research paper, project, creative work, performance, portfolio, or other appropriate assignment. Supervision, internship, and individual study courses are not required to have a culminating activity.

## Timing and Schedule for All Culminating Activities

Culminating activities, including final examinations, shall not be held or be due prior to the start of the culminating activity period for the given academic year term. They shall not be held or be due during the instructional period or on "Study/Conference Day."

All courses are assigned a day/time for their culminating activity to be held or be due based on the start time and meeting pattern of the course and its mode of instruction. These culminating activity sessions shall be scheduled during the final week of the academic year term, as assigned in the academic calendar, and shall:

- Be scheduled for no more than two hours in duration;
- Start no earlier than 0830; and,
- Be spaced a minimum of fifteen minutes apart.

The schedule for the culminating activity period for each academic year term shall be published prior to the beginning of the registration period for that term.

Final Examinations or other Timed Culminating Activities
In the case where there is to be a scheduled final examination, whether in person or online, it must occur during the scheduled culminating activity session for that course. If a final examination is to be a take-home examination, it may not be due prior to the start of the scheduled culminating activity session for that course.

Courses with multiple sections may be assigned a day/time for a group final examination. This examination schedule will be announced at the beginning of the semester in the course syllabus.

Online or hybrid courses without a designated day or time will be able to select a culminating activity session from a designated list offered by the university.

Submission dates and times for final papers, projects, creative works, portfolios, or other culminating activities shall fall no earlier than the beginning of the scheduled culminating activity session for the course.

## Exceptions to Timing and Schedule for Culminating Activities

Courses may have culminating activities where students cannot feasibly be examined during the scheduled culminating activity session. Instructors or course coordinators, as appropriate, shall provide a rationale for an exception to the college dean for approval, with notification to the department chair/director.

Students may request an excused absence for a culminating activity per the university Student Excused Absences Policy (S22-2). Students should inform their instructor of the need to reschedule the culminating activity as quickly as feasible so a suitable alternative can be identified.

A student may request the rescheduling of a culminating activity if three or more are held/due within a 24 -hour period. Requests must be made at least three weeks prior to the last class meeting of the semester. If one of those culminating activities scheduled for that 24-hour period is an individual activity, such as a final paper or project, the deadline for that activity will be moved to a mutually agreeable time within the culminating activity period.

SAN JOSÉ STATE UNIVERSITY
Academic Senate
AS 1873

## Instruction and Student Affairs Committee

May 6, 2024
Final Reading

## POLICY RECOMMENDATION

## University Policy, Student Advising and Holistic Student Support Services Policy

Whereas, Advising of students is critical to their academic and personal success at SJSU; and

Whereas, Academic advising affects a student's selection of a degree program, retention in their chosen program, and progress towards a timely graduation; and

Whereas, Supporting the student beyond their academics more holistically is also crucial to their educational journey and success in their chosen program; and

Whereas, One of the most important relationships between students and advisors, whether faculty or staff, is that which develops during the cooperative planning of their educational journey, and this relationship can have far reaching consequences in student success beyond academics; and

Whereas, Over 30 years has passed since the approval of S89-10: Undergraduate Academic Advisement; Advising. Many of the challenges related to faculty and staff advising noted then were also identified by the NACADA reports shared with the greater campus community in August $2019^{1}$ and February 2024². These include lack of an advising curriculum, disparate participation in advisor training for all advisors, inaccessibility of advisors, inconsistency in the quality of advising, and a lack of a cohesive advising strategy; and

Whereas, The 2019 report lists the following recommendations:

- Establish campus-wide leadership and strategic planning efforts to enhance academic advising.
- Consider an exclusively professional advisor model to more effectively meet the needs of students.

[^2]- Create SJSU advising definition, vision, mission, goals and learning outcomes that apply across the university.
- Clearly define roles and responsibilities of academic advisors.
- Provide a framework to evaluate and assess academic advising success.
- Create a comprehensive, ongoing, advisor training and professional development program for all faculty and professional academic advisors.
- Expand the role and responsibilities of the Academic Advising and Retention Services Office to support the leadership and campus framework of academic advising.
- Reaffirm the Advising Council to support the advancement of established university-wide strategic goals and learning outcomes related to academic advising and student success.
- Develop an advising communication plan for the institution appropriate for all constituencies.
- Revise and implement a comprehensive orientation program that gives equal prominence to students' academic journey.
- Develop and implement a technology plan for academic advising.

Whereas, The 2023 report states that: "The highest priorities for improvement of academic advising at SJSU are related to the 1) Organization and 2) Collaboration and Communication conditions.

- There needs to be transparency and sharing of the overall strategic plan and direction for academic advising.
- To foster effective communication, it's essential to consistently share thoughts and needs. Clear and frequent communication, both in writing and verbally, is key to ensuring that your intentions and desires are wellunderstood by others.
- It is absolutely essential to create ways for faculty and staff to collaborate and communicate to improve your academic advising programs and systems. It is impossible for excellent advising to occur in a siloed system."

Additional, more detailed suggestions are included throughout the body of the report; and,

Whereas, SJSU's vision states that students need to "proactively engage[ing] with academic advisors on their journey;"3 and

Whereas: A comprehensive advising plan requires crucial engagement of both staff and faculty advisors; and

[^3]Whereas: University Policy S15-8: Retention, Tenure and Promotion for Regular Faculty Employees: Criteria and Standards specifically states that the Service Category must include "...advising, mentoring, and participating in activities to enhance student success that are not subsumed in teaching or the primary academic assignment ", and

Whereas: Some lecturer faculty may assume advising responsibilities as part of their work assignment, which counts as service to the university in periodic evaluations and range elevation; therefore, be it

Resolved: That the administration of San José State University prioritize making demonstrable changes to the advising structure based on the recommendations from the 2019 and 2024 NACADA reports and from current publications; and therefore, be it

Resolved, That University Policy 89-10 be rescinded and replaced with the following.

Background/Rationale: The campus has had two visits from NACADA, one in 2019 and one in 2023, that evaluated the advising structure on campus. These visits resulted in two detailed reports that discussed advising from the perspectives of the students, faculty, staff, and administration. Each report also provided specific recommendations to improve advising across the campus. The SJSU Academic Senate responded in 2021 to the first NACADA report and passed AS 1818: Undergraduate Advising, along with SS-S21-7: Advocating for a Collaborative Advising Structure. Then President Papazian sent S21-4 back to Instruction and Student Affairs without signing it, for further consultation with a more robust inclusion of students and staff advisors. Instructional and Student Affairs, recognizing the importance of the policy for the campus, has returned to the policy, making significant improvements to its content based on additional consultation and feedback across campus, as well as the 2024 NACADA report. Most notable, the policy was restructured to include both undergraduate and graduate advising across campus.

# University Policy Student Advising and Holistic Student Support Services 

I. Tenets of Advising

San Jose State University shall be a student-ready ${ }^{4}$ campus and provide excellent advising and holistic support for students throughout their educational journey.

SJSU shall have a comprehensive advising structure that is consistent and equitable for all students. A clear definition of advising and holistic student support services, as well as mission, vision, and values statements will be developed and be readily available to everyone within the SJSU community.

All forms of advising and holistic student support services shall occur in a supportive manner which is sensitive to the needs of a diverse student population.

All students should be active agents in constructing and achieving their academic, career, and personal goals.
"Academic advising should be systemic (throughout the university), systematic (all parts function methodically and seamlessly to promote the whole) and purposeful (missional and intentional) to meet institutional strategic goals."

Advising at SJSU encompasses a wide range of services to support students. Such services include: Academic Advising, Career Advising, and Holistic Student Support Services.

The coordination, delivery, and assessment of advising shall be a shared responsibility of the SJSU advising community and university administration, which includes faculty, staff, and appropriate administrators at the university, college, and department levels.

Positive, collaborative relationships must be maintained among all members of the advising community. Communication is a critical component of such relationships. Such communications should ensure all members of the advising community are aware of the complete advising structure, goals, objectives, training and professional development opportunities, and opportunities for engagement.

[^4]University resources, including both financial resources and appropriate staffing hours, that support advising goals and objectives should be a priority and appropriate to the work required.

All advisors within the SJSU advising community shall act as a source of referral to other forms of advising and holistic student support services as needed.

SJSU will require comprehensive on-boarding/training appropriate to each advisor's or staff's role that focuses on the quality of advising and leads to positive outcomes for students' educational journeys for all incoming advisors and support staff. Comparable continuous professional development programs will also be required for those within the comprehensive advising structure. Such programs, while focusing on the responsibilities of the person's role, will also ensure that they are up-to-date on current advising standards, have training and development opportunities to engage with those outside the SJSU community, have awareness of the roles of others in the SJSU advising community, and the referral system as well as promoting a collaborative mindset.

SJSU will develop an assessment program that evaluates the quality, effectiveness, and availability of advising and support services to all student populations at various stages of their academic career. Student satisfaction will be a significant component of this assessment program.

Online and special session programs may have their own advising structures and access to support services that are unique to their program. Students should consult with their programs to determine which advising and services apply based on their program and standing.

## II. Support Services for All Students

Career Advising. Career advising is defined as professional guidance for students to prepare for career success through personal and professional explorations and skill development. It further includes connections to employers and professional networks that align with the career objectives of the student.

Career advising should be supported at the university level and conducted by professional career center counselors, advisors, and faculty. Career advising should be connected to college and department-level activities with support from the career center, as faculty play a critical role in career mentoring and exploration, and as recognized student organizations sponsor activities that lead to interactions with industry partners.

Holistic Student Support Services. Holistic student support services provide for the student beyond their academics, including health and wellness, basic needs, financial support services, and programs that support various social and
cultural identity groups. Holistic student advising requires comprehensive knowledge of the many offices and programs that provide holistic support, including, but not limited to: SJSU Cares; Student Wellness Center; Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS); Accessible Education Center (AEC); Peer Connections; Education Opportunity Program (EOP); Bursar's Office; Financial Aid Office; Cultural Centers and other Resource Centers.

Members of the SJSU advising community should be capable of providing appropriate referrals to a variety of offices based on student needs.
III. Undergraduate Academic Advising

Major/minor Advising. Major and minor advising is defined as the utilization of program information and advising tools in partnership with student information to design a pathway to completion of their academic program(s).

Major and minor advising should be governed by curriculum and policies as described in the university catalog. Major and minor curriculum is developed by the faculty and is department-driven. Advising may be formal or informal and shall be conducted by staff advisors and/or faculty.

General Education Advising. General Education advising is defined as the utilization of General Education and SJSU Studies guidelines to assist students in identifying coursework that satisfies these requirements. Such guidance requires specialized knowledge for select programs that have General Education requirements met within the major.

General Education advising should be primarily staff advisor-driven, with appropriate consultation with departments, at the college level in the student success centers.

## IV. Graduate Academic Advising and Research Advising

Effective academic advising is an important aspect of all successful graduate degree and credential programs. While graduate students should receive strong advising at all stages of their educational career, their advising needs vary as they progress through their programs.

There are two types of advisors that the majority of graduate programs utilize: Graduate Program Coordinator and Graduate Research Advisor. Departments may have additional faculty or staff advisors. Students should consult with their department to identify the program's specific advising structure for graduate students.

Graduate Program Coordinator. The Graduate Program Coordinator (also sometimes called a Graduate Advisor or Graduate Director) is the primary point
of contact for graduate students at the program level and serves as a liaison between programs/departments and the College of Graduate Studies. While the specific responsibilities of Graduate Program Coordinators vary across programs, they are generally responsible for supporting academic student success, assisting students in making timely progress towards degree, overseeing comprehensive examinations, and advising students on degree requirements and policies and procedures at the program, college, and university levels. Further, Graduate Program Coordinators formally approve students' candidacy forms, assist with student petitions and forms, and assist students who are placed on academic notice or probation, and refer students to other support services on campus when needed.

Graduate Research Advisor. The Graduate Research Advisor is responsible for overseeing a student's research, scholarly, and creative activity as it most often relates to the student's culminating experience (e.g., thesis, project, and/or dissertation). The Graduate Research Advisor almost always serves as a student's thesis chair or project advisor. Because of their close academic relationship to the student, Graduate Research Advisors often advise students on issues specific to their program of study, such as course selection and career pathways.

Approved: April 29, 2024
Vote: 14-0-0
Present: Samuel Brown, Diya Doshi, Lisa Giampaolo, Estevan Guzman, Ravisha Mathur, Kelly Masegian, Gilles Muller, Sarab Multani, Iris Price, Eric Rollerson, Soma Sen, Jon Tucker, Julian Vogel, Gregory Wolcott

Absent: Melinda Jackson (non-voting), Amy Leisenring (non-voting), Romey Sabalius, Laura Sullivan-Green

San José State University
Academic Senate
AS 1874

## Curriculum and Research Committee

 Organization and Government CommitteeMay 6, 2024
First Reading

# Policy Recommendation <br> Organization of the Academic Planning Process at San José State University 

Whereas: The policy "Organization of the Program Planning Process at San José State University" (S17-11) is the campus guiding policy for performance review of existing programs; and

Whereas: The term "program planning" does not represent the full scope of the selfstudy process, and "academic planning" is deemed to be a more suitable term; and

Whereas: Academic planning represents a process of continuous improvement and reflection in areas not reflected in S17-11, even though these areas were expected to be covered in the department/school self-study (hereafter referred to as Academic Program Plan); and

Whereas: Some of the terminology was outdated in the $\underline{\text { S17-11 around committee }}$ membership; and

Whereas: Policy $\underline{\text { S75-14 }}$, which describes the program planning process and the use of "consultants" (external reviewers), contains outdated terminology and does not describe current practice; and

Whereas: The use of external reviewers is documented in the Program Planning Guidelines; and

Whereas: Academic planning steps and procedures are deemed more appropriate to be documented in the Academic Planning Guidelines, be it therefore

Resolved: that S17-11 and $\underline{\text { S75-14 }}$ be rescinded and the following become university policy.

Approved,

$$
\text { all but Part III.B, C\&R: April 22, } 2024
$$

Vote: 8-0-12
Present: Marc d'Alarcao, Megan Chang, Stefan Frazier, Marie Haverfield, Heather Lattimer, Ellen Middaugh, Scott Shaffer, Sahithya Swaminathan, Cristina Velarde, Hiu-Yung Wong (Chair)
Absent: Kourosh Amirkhani, Richard Mocarski
Approved,
Part III.B, O\&G: April 8, 2024
Absent: Gambarin, Lee, Long, Muñoz-Muñoz
Workload Impact: The optional college strategy meeting would add onemeeting every program cycle (~every 7 years) that willinvolve the Dean's office and faculty/staff from the relevantdepartment/school.
Financial Impact: None
UNIVERSITY POLICYOrganization of the Academic Planning Processat San José State University

## I. Authorization of the Academic Planning Process

San José State University continually monitors, updates, and improves its curriculum through the academic planning process. While this process is mandated by a Trustee policy as found in the Chancellor's Memorandum AA 7132, "Performance Review of Existing Degree Major Programs," SJSU's implementation of the process is also independently authorized, augmented, and supported through this policy.

## II. Academic Planning Goals

Academic Planning represents an opportunity for each program's faculty to improve their ability to accomplish goals that attract them to their profession, including educating students, advancing their discipline through research, scholarship and creative activity, and serving the community. By embracing rigorous internal and external examination of their program, faculty gain the perspective necessary to adapt to changing conditions, promote department/school health, and to provide an excellent quality education for their students.

The four key goals of the Academic Planning process are:

1) To promote a continuous internal review and planning process that will provide programs with purposeful future improvement.
2) To serve as a vehicle to help programs support the mission of the university, college, and department/school.
3) To provide an opportunity for programs to systematically assess their course offerings, achievement of student learning outcomes, student success, retention and graduation rates, and the faculty and instructional resources necessary for providing an excellent educational experience to students.
4) To provide an opportunity for programs to review their activities and how these activities strengthen the program and its goals.

## III. Establishment of the Academic Planning Committee and its tasks.

A. Charge:

Implements the academic planning process, including the review of programs, as provided in the academic planning policy and guidelines. Recommends changes in the policy and guidelines and other matters relating to academic planning and review to the Curriculum and Research Committee (C\&R).
B. Membership:

The Academic Planning Committee (APC) shall be made up of the following members:
i. Vice Provost (designated) (EXO)
ii. Undergraduate Education designee (EXO)
iii. Division of Research and Innovation designee (EXO)
iv. College of Graduate Studies designee (EXO)
v. Director of Institutional Effectiveness (EXO)
vi. Two faculty members from each academic college
viii. Two members from the General Unit, at least one of whom is a library faculty
ix. One Graduate Student
x. One Undergraduate Student
xi. Staff Member
C. Recruitment and Appointment of Members: Faculty members (other than exofficio) shall be appointed for two-year staggered terms. The student members serve a 1-year term. Solicitation of applications to serve on the Academic Planning Committee will be made through the normal Committee on Committees process for the seats designated for faculty and student members. When multiple applications are submitted for a seat, the Executive Committee of the Academic Senate will select individuals to serve. In considering applicants, attention should focus on the person's expertise in areas related to curriculum and academic planning and the need for continuity over time in membership for a portion of the seats.
i. The committee shall elect its chair from the faculty representatives by majority vote. This may include the addition of a vice chair to balance the workload of this role.
ii. All members, except as noted, shall be voting members of the committee.
iii. Members may be replaced for excessive absences or nonperformance according to section 6.12 of University Policy S16-11.

## D. Responsibilities of APC:

i. The APC reports and conveys its recommendations on the Academic Planning Guidelines and process to C\&R.
ii. APC will maintain confidentiality of materials including all information provided to outside accreditation agencies or to outside reviewers, as specified in the Academic Planning Guidelines.
iii. APC will establish its operating procedures for committee members and for departments/schools undergoing planning as needed.
iv. APC is responsible for the review of all departmental/school academic plans.
v. Both C\&R and APC can propose changes to the Academic Planning Guidelines. C\&R has final approval of these guidelines and conducts a full review at least once every five years.
vi. Members are expected to know the current guidelines and academic planning policy.

## IV. Scope of the Academic Planning Process

Academic Planning includes both state-support and self-support programs. Each department/school will conduct a review of at least the following elements:
A. Curriculum, including all undergraduate and graduate degree major programs, credential programs, minor programs, GE and services courses, and certificates offered within the department/school, and minor programs outside the department/school required by a major degree program.
B. Student success services and initiatives.
C. Instructional and administrative staffing.
D. Research, Scholarship and Creative Activities (RSCA).

## V. The Process for Academic Planning

A. For all steps of the academic planning process, all departments/schools, whether their programs are accredited or not, will follow the Academic Planning Guidelines and Academic Program Assessment Guidelines (available through Academic Innovation and Institutional Effectiveness, AllE), with all academic programs within one department/school participating in the same cycle, except under extraordinary circumstances as determined by the APC.
B. Departments/schools with programs that are not subject to external accreditation will participate in academic planning every seven years. Departments/schools with accredited programs will participate in academic planning within a year after the completion of an accreditation review; any report generated by the accreditation review shall be included in the academic planning process. The APC will contact departments/schools with program accreditation cycles of eight years or more to receive an update on progress and determine next steps.
C. The reflection and planning phase of the process shall take no longer than four semesters to complete and will be organized by the office designated by the Provost.
D. Reviews by external accreditation agencies are considered the equivalent of an external reviewer evaluation, provided that such reviews address all criteria of the Academic Planning Guidelines. The APC will make the final decision as to whether the criteria of the guidelines are met.

## V1. Evaluate the Academic Plan, Feedback, and Final Action Plan

[^5]B. After its evaluation of the program plan and BOGS review, the PPC may recommend one of the following actions:

- Accept the plan and provide recommendations to be discussed at the action plan meeting.
- Require revisions and resubmission of the plan for specific reasons.
- Initiate a program termination review (See University Policy S06-7, S13-9) for specific reasons.

6. The PPC prepares a Letter to the Provost summarizing their findings and recommendations. This letter is copied to the program, G\&R, and designated administrative individuals. Programs have the opportunity to review and correct any factual inaccuracies in this letter.
D. For program plans that are approved, an action plan meeting is established and facilitated by the chair of the PPC. Invitees to this meeting include the Provost or designee, AVP of Graduate and Undergraduate Programs, AVP of Academic Budgets and Planning, Department chair, faculty and staff of the program, Dean and Associate Deans of the respective college, and additional administrators suggested by the Provost, chair of the program, or chair of PPC.
E. At the meeting, representatives from the academic units provide updates since program review and clarifications to the Letter to the Provost. Participants at the meeting discuss the recommendations in the Letter to the Provost and any additional items. Participants agree to a final action plan with measureable goals for their next program plan cycle. The Director of Assessment will communicate to the Board of General Studies items from the final action plan related to General Education.
F. After this meeting, the draft action plan (with clear deadlines) will be reviewed by the department, dean, and PPC chair for any inaccuracies and to ensure it reflects the action plan meeting discussion.

## VII. Annual Assessment Reporting of General Education and Program Learning Outcomes

A. Programs are required to provide annual assessment updates between full reviews. These updates are to the Director of Assessment. Two separate assessments occur: one for GE courses within a program, and a second one for student learning and achievement of the overall program learning outcomes.

261
B. The assessment forms are created by the college assessment facilitators and the Director of Assessment.
6. The Director of Assessment reviews these reports and provides feedback to programs in between their program planning cycles.

[^6]SAN JOSÉ STATE UNIVERSITY
Academic Senate
AS 1876
Committee on Senate Representation
May 6th, 2024
First Reading

## Policy Recommendation

## Amendment to the Constitution of the Academic Senate of San José State University

## Rationale

In August 2023, SM-F23-1 was passed, which established the Committee on Senate Representation (CSR). The committee consists of administrators, faculty, staff, and students, and is tasked to develop "recommendations on ways to further strengthen equitable, inclusive, and effective shared governance" at San José State University.

Senate representation has been the subject of seven policy referrals between 2000 and present (O\&G-F00-2, O\&G-F03-3, O\&G-F18-4, O\&G-F21-1, O\&G-F22-1, O\&G-S23-1, and O\&G-S24-1). Many of these referrals called for adding non-MPP, non-SSP staff seats to the Senate. Staff comprise $35 \%$ of all employed personnel at San José State University, as of fall 2023, and many staff interact with students and faculty in their daily work.

Furthermore, the 2022 Report of the WACUC Team for Reaffirmation of Accreditation identified shared governance as one of the key areas of concern and encourages the university to continue work on "to be more inclusive of all stakeholders." The CSR engaged in eleven stakeholder meetings between January 2024 and April 2024, and conducted a staff survey in February 2024, which yielded data of about 250 respondents. A consistent theme throughout these meetings and the survey was the importance of staff serving on the Senate and other bodies of shared governance.

From the establishment of the General Unit in the Senate Constitution in 1994, a specific segment of staff have served as senators; specifically Unit 4 members who hold the title of Student Services Professionals (SSP) III and IV. This constituency has had varying amounts of representation over the years, because they do not have dedicated seats, but rather, they must be elected from within the General Unit. The committee found two issues on this state of affairs.

First, classifying this constituency as "faculty" can be confusing for many; when an eligibility statement uses the term "faculty," it may be interpreted that SSP III and IV members are not eligible, while this is not the case. Second, while voices of the SSP III and IV members have been important, it is not sufficient because "staff" of the university
encompasses a much larger group of SJSU employees. It is the committee's finding that staff members merit broader, more inclusive representation at the Senate.

This policy recommendation proposes to amend the Constitution of the Academic Senate of the San José State University so that the terms "faculty" and "staff" used in the Constitution of the Senate would align with the usage of these terms in a broader context. This policy recommendation also proposes to broaden the membership of the Senate to implement a more inclusive and equitable shared governance model.

More specifically, this recommendation seeks to:

1. Redefine "faculty" as exclusively Unit 3 employees;
2. Preserve SSP staff participation in the Senate;
3. Allow other general staff participation in the Senate; and
4. Make changes to non-faculty seats.

Resolved: That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Senate be adopted.

Approved: May 1st, 2024
Vote: $13-0-0$
Present Acacia Clark, Annette Nellen, Behin Elahi, Denise Dawkins, Eduardo Munoz-Munoz, Harish Chander, Janet Sundrud, Kenneth Peter, Michael Kaufman, Nha-Nghi Nguyen, Patience Bryant, Reiko Kataoka, Sarab Multani


#### Abstract

Absent: None Financial Impact: If hours of work is taken from those hours otherwise spent for the regular work of the staff members, then it may incur financial cost to the organization/division. Staff participation in the Senate may result in facilitating operation university-wide, contributing to reducing overall operational costs.

Workload Impact: Increased workload for University Personnel


## CONSTITUTION OF THE ACADEMIC SENATE

 SAN JOSE STATE UNIVERSITYPREAMBLE [UNCHANGED]
To provide for effective participation and deliberation by the academic community of San José State University in the formulation of governing policies for the University, this Constitution is ordained and established.

## ARTICLE I -- THE ACADEMIC SENATE [UNCHANGED]

Section 1. The Academic Senate is the principal agency for the formulation and recommendation of policy for the University. Regular meetings shall be held at least once every month during the academic year. Special meetings of the Academic Senate shall be called at the request of the President of the University, or of the Chairperson of the Academic Senate, or on a written petition of thirty per cent (30\%) of the members of the Academic Senate. A majority of the members constitutes a quorum.

## ARTICLE II -- MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. The Academic Senate shall consist of representatives from the University administration, faculty, staff, and students. In the interests of communication and cooperation, the Emeritus Faculty Association and the Alumni Association shall also each have a representative. Student, administration, staff, emeritus faculty, and alumni representatives have the same rights to speak and vote as other members, but may not serve concurrently as elected representatives of the faculty, and are not qualified for election as officers of the Senate. At least two-thirds of the total membership of the Senate shall be members holding office under sections $3,4 \underline{5}$ and $5 \underline{6}$ of this Article.

Section 2. Administration representatives shall consist of the President (non-voting member), the Provost, the Vice President for Administration and Finance, the Vice President for Student Affairs, and the Chief Diversity Officer, ex officio; and four (4) two (2) academic deans, at least one of whom shall be deans of colleges, elected by the academic deans for staggered two-year terms.

Section 3. a) For the purposes of this Constitution, the faculty consists of all members of Collective Bargaining Unit 3 holders of such other professional and administrative staff positions as may be declared by bylaw to be directly related to the instructional program of the University. Faculty representatives shall consist of no less than twenty-seven (27) forty (40) faculty members apportioned among the representative units as much as possible in proportion to faculty population.
Apportionment shall be provided for in the bylaws, but each representative unit shall have at least one representative.
b) Tenured faculty and probationary regular faculty who have completed at least one year's service and temporary faculty who have completed at least one Academic year of service at the University are eligible as Senate faculty representatives. Election of probationary or temporary faculty to the Senate does not assure or imply retention or tenure or rehiring. Probationary and temporary faculty elected to the Senate shall have the same term of office as other faculty representatives, but shall cease to be members of the Senate if not retained or rehired.
c) All faculty may vote for representatives. Each part-time faculty member shall have a weighted vote equal to the fraction of time for which he or she is appointed or, in the case of voluntary faculty employees, the fraction of time actually being taught, except that a tenured faculty member serving on a part-time appointment shall retain a full vote. Representatives shall be members of and be nominated and elected by the faculty of the representation units to which they are assigned. Terms shall be three (3) years, one-third $(1 / 3)$ of the faculty representatives to be elected each year.
d) An elected faculty member is subject to recall by a majority vote of his or her their constituents. A recall election shall be held whenever twenty per cent (20\%) or twenty-five (25) of the qualified voters of the constituency, whichever is greater, sign a petition to recall. No member shall be subject to a recall election more than once in an academic year.

Section 4. a) For the purpose of this Constitution, the staff consists of all University employees who are not members of Collective Bargaining Unit 3, nor students, and do not hold positions as Management Personnel Plan (MPP).
b) When further delineation is needed, the term "SSP staff" is used to refer to those staff members who are represented by Bargaining Unit 4 and hold positions as Student Service Professionals (SSP), and the term "general staff" is used to refer to all other staff members of the university.
c) Staff representatives shall consist of two (2) SSP staff and two (2) general staff representatives elected as provided for in the bylaws.
d) All staff may vote for their respective representatives. Each part-time staff member shall have a weighted vote equal to the fraction of time for which he or she is appointed. Representatives shall be members of and be nominated and elected by staff members as specified in section 1.2 in the bylaw for staggered three-year terms.
e) An elected staff member is subject to recall by a majority vote of his or her their constituents. A recall election shall be held whenever twenty per cent (20\%) or twenty-five (25) of the qualified voters of the constituency, whichever is greater, sign a petition to recall. No member shall be subject to a recall election more than once in an academic year.

Section 4. 5. Representatives to the Academic Senate, California State University, shall be members ex officio of the Academic Senate of San José State University. They shall be elected according to procedures established by the Academic Senate, California State University, and the Academic Senate of this University.

Section 5. 6. The Chair of the Academic Senate and the previous year's Chair (if not the same person as the current chair) shall be members of the Senate ex officio.

Section 6. 7. Student representatives shall consist of the President of the Associated Students and six (6) students in good standing selected according to policies and procedures prescribed by Associated Students, Inc. These students shall serve oneyear terms, and may serve more than one term. Vacancies in these Senate seats will be filled according to Associated Students, Inc. policies and procedures.

Section 7. 8. The Alumni Association representative shall be elected by the Association in the same manner as Association officers, to a three (3) year term.

Section 8. 9. The representative of the Emeritus Faculty Association shall be an officer of the Association designated by the Association.

## ARTICLE III - ORGANIZATION [UNCHANGED]

Section 1. The presiding officer of the Academic Senate shall be the Chair. The Vice Chair shall preside in the absence of the Chair. The Senate shall have such other officers as may be provided for by bylaw.

Section 2. The times and procedures for the election of all Senate officers shall be as provided for by bylaw.

Section 3. Budgetary support for the Academic Senate, including secretarial service and operational expense, shall be provided by the University.

Section 4. A record shall be kept of the proceedings of the Academic Senate. The agenda shall be published as long before and the minutes as soon after each meeting as is practicable.

Section 5. The Academic Senate may adopt bylaws consistent with this Constitution. Bylaws may be enacted only by a two-thirds (2/3) majority at a regular meeting subsequent to the meeting at which such bylaws are introduced.

Section 6. The Academic Senate may establish its own rules of procedure consistent with this Constitution. A standing rule may be established, amended or rescinded by a majority vote at any meeting.

Section 7. The Academic Senate shall appoint committees of its own as specified in
the bylaws. Any member of the University community may serve on such committees.

## ARTICLE IV -- POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Section 1. The Academic Senate, subject to the laws of California and the policies and regulations of the Board of Trustees, shall formulate policies and procedures on matters affecting the general welfare of the University, including (a) educational policies, (b) faculty affairs, (c) student affairs, and (d) budget and finance, and (e) staff affairs to the extent they relate to the prior four matters (a-d).

Section 2. Upon passage by the Academic Senate, proposed policies and procedures shall be submitted to the President of the University for consideration and action. Those approved by the President become official University Policy and will be implemented as soon as practicable. The President will report to the Senate promptly on those proposed measures of which he or she does not approve.

## ARTICLE V - REFERENDUM [UNCHANGED]

Section 1. Any action of the Academic Senate may be referred to the faculty electorate when forty per cent ( $40 \%$ ) of the Academic Senate members present support a motion for a referendum or when twenty per cent (20\%) of the faculty electorate submit a petition for a referendum to the Associate Vice Chair of the Academic Senate. A petition calling for a referendum shall indicate the specific action of the Academic Senate which is the subject of the referendum. Such a petition must be submitted within a period of thirty (30) working days of a regular academic session following the action to be referred. A majority of the votes cast shall be necessary to sustain the action.

## ARTICLE VI - AMENDMENTS [UNCHANGED]

Section 1. Amendments to this Constitution may be proposed for faculty consideration by a majority of the total membership of the Academic Senate or by a petition signed by twenty per cent ( $20 \%$ ) of the faculty electorate. Ratification shall require approval by a majority of the votes cast by the faculty electorates, and by the President of the University.

## ARTICLE VII - ADOPTION [UNCHANGED]

This Constitution shall become effective on approval by a majority of the faculty and staff and by the President of the University.

SAN JOSÉ STATE UNIVERSITY
Academic Senate
AS 1877
Committee on Senate Representation
May 6th, 2024
First Reading

## Policy Recommendation

## Amendment to Bylaws of the Academic Senate of San José State University

## Rationale

In August 2023, SM-F23-1 was passed, which established the Committee on Senate Representation (CSR). The committee consists of administrators, faculty, staff, and students, and is tasked to develop "recommendations on ways to further strengthen equitable, inclusive, and effective shared governance" at San José State University.

Senate representation has been the subject of seven policy referrals between 2000 and present (O\&G-F00-2, O\&G-F03-3, O\&G-F18-4, O\&G-F21-1, O\&G-F22-1, O\&G-S23-1, and O\&G-S24-1). Many of these referrals called for adding non-MPP, non-SSP staff seats to the Senate. Staff comprise $35 \%$ of all employed personnel at San José State University, as of fall 2023, and many staff interact with students and faculty in their daily work.

Furthermore, the 2022 Report of the WACUC Team for Reaffirmation of Accreditation identified shared governance as one of the key areas of concern and encourages the university to continue work on "to be more inclusive of all stakeholders." The CSR engaged in eleven stakeholder meetings between January 2024 and April 2024, and conducted a staff survey in February 2024, which yielded data of about 250 respondents. A consistent theme throughout these meetings and the survey was the importance of staff serving on the Senate and other bodies of shared governance.

From the establishment of the General Unit in the Senate Constitution in 1994, a specific segment of staff have served as senators; specifically Unit 4 members who hold the title of Student Services Professionals (SSP) III and IV. This constituency has had varying amounts of representation over the years, because they do not have dedicated seats, but rather, they must be elected from within the General Unit. The committee found two issues on this state of affairs.

First, classifying this constituency as "faculty" can be confusing for many; when an eligibility statement uses the term "faculty," it may be interpreted that SSP III and IV members are not eligible, while this is not the case. Second, while voices of the SSP III and IV members have been important, it is not sufficient because "staff" of the university
encompasses a much larger group of SJSU employees. It is the committee's finding that staff members merit broader, more inclusive representation at the Senate.

This policy recommendation proposes to amend the Bylaws of the Academic Senate of the San José State University so that the terms "faculty" and "staff" used for the Bylaws of the Senate would align with the usage of these terms in a broader context. This policy recommendation also proposes to broaden the membership of the Senate to implement a more inclusive and equitable shared governance model.

Furthermore, this policy recommendation proposes to add an article on staff protections. Although San José State University has policies relating to free speech, it is the committee's opinion that additional language is necessary to ensure that staff can freely participate with independent voices. Our research has shown that when staff do not have sufficient support from their managers (and the university administration, as a whole), then staff will view their participation in shared governance as potentially unsafe and threatening.

More specifically, This recommendation seeks to:

1. Redefine "faculty" as exclusively Unit 3 employees;
2. Preserve SSP staff participation in the Senate;
3. Allow other general staff participation in the Senate;
4. Make changes to non-faculty seats; and
5. Provide language that allows time for service work for staff senators and ensure independent opinions are voiced by staff in the Senate.

Resolved: That the following amendment to the Bylaws of the Senate be adopted and enacted upon the adoption of the amendment of the Constitution as proposed in AS 1876.

Approved: May 2nd 2024
Vote: 13-0-0
Present Acacia Clark, Annette Nellen, Behin Elahi, Denise Dawkins, Eduardo Munoz-Munoz, Harish Chander, Janet Sundrud, Kenneth Peter, Michael Kaufman, Nha-Nghi Nguyen, Patience Bryant, Reiko Kataoka, Sarab Multani


#### Abstract

Absent: None Financial Impact: If hours of work is taken from those hours otherwise spent for the regular work of the staff members, then it may incur financial cost to the organization/division. Staff participation in the Senate may result in facilitating operation university-wide, contributing to reducing overall operational costs.


73 Workload Impact: Increased workload for University Personnel

## BYLAWS OF THE ACADEMIC SENATE SAN JOSE STATE UNIVERSITY

1. Elections and Faculty and Staff Representatives
1.1 Faculty representatives shall be elected to the Academic Senate of this University from the following representative units: College of Health and Human Sciences, College of Business, College of Education, College of Engineering, College of Humanities and the Arts, College of Science, College of Social Sciences, and the General Unit.
1.1.1 Members of the General Unit
a) Unit 3 faculty outside the above colleges (e.g., College of Professional and Global Education faculty, librarians, counselors, Division of Intercollegiate Athletics coaches [not-MPP]).
b) Student Services Professional III or IV (e.g., staff advisors).
1.1.2 A college, not presently represented in 1.1 would become a representative unit when that college has at least 50 FTEF and at least three departments.
1.1.3 Members of the faculty electorate holding administrative, or Management Personnel Plan (MPP), positions are not eligible to serve as faculty representatives while holding such positions.
1.2 Pursuant to Article II, Section 3 of the Constitution, the following positions and classifications are declared to be directly related to the instructional program. All employees serving in the following positions are qualified to vote for faculty representatives (using proportional voting based on assignment) and are eligible to serve as faculty representatives to the Senate with the exception of administrators (covered by the Management Personnel Plan), employees in elerical and technician classifications, and volunteers.
a) All members of Bargaining Unit III whe are not members of or included in one of the college representative units. This includes: Instructional Faculty (12-mo \& AY) and Student Services Professional.
b) Employees classified as Student Services Professional III or IV.

Staff representatives shall be elected to the Academic Senate from the staff unit, the members of which are the entire SJSU employees who are not members of Collective Bargaining Unit 3 nor students, and do not hold positions as Management Personnel Plan (MPP).
1.2.1 Two of the staff representatives shall be elected from the members of the staff electorate who hold positions as Student Service Professional (SSP staff electorate) as SSP staff representatives.
1.2.2 Two other staff representatives shall be elected from all of the other members of the staff electorate (general staff electorate) as general staff representatives.
1.2.1 $\underline{3}$ Subject to approval of the Executive Committee, the Election Committee is authorized to decide questions of interpretation of this bylaw and may recommend amendments to it to the Organization and Government Committee.
1.34 The number of faculty senators must be twice the number of voting senators who are not faculty members [currently 2018: Deans (24), AS President and students (7), the President and-VPs (5), SSP Staff Representatives (2), General Staff Representatives (2), an Emeritus Representative (1), and an Alumni Representative (1)].
1.3.4.1 The number of faculty representatives to be apportioned among the colleges and the General Unit is the total number of faculty senators minus the number of ex officio faculty senators (ASCSU senators, SJSU Senate Chair and Past Chair). The resulting difference is the number to be used in part 1.43.2 to apportion faculty representatives among the several colleges and the General Unit.
1.3.4. 2 Before each spring election, using the FTE/F of the preceding fall semester provided by University Personnel, the Senate Administrator shall determine, and the Associate Vice Chair verify, the number of representatives allotted to each representative unit (as defined in Bylaw 1.1). The number of representatives for each unit shall be determined by first dividing the combined total FTE teaching faculty of the college representative units plus the FTE faculty and staff in the General Unit by the number determined in part 1.3. 4.1 above and then dividing this value into the FTE faculty of each of the college units and the FTE faculty and staff in the General Unit.
1.3.4.2.1 If the allotment of any representative unit is determined to be less than one, it shall be increased to one.
1.3.4.2.2 If the total number of faculty representatives on the Senate overall exceeds the number as determined in section 1.43 above, the number as determined in section 1.43 above shall be decreased until the total number of faculty representatives allotted is equal to the number determined in 1.43 (i.e., maintains the $2 / 3$ proportion of membership being faculty representatives.
1.3.4.2.3 If the total number of faculty representatives on the Senate overall is less than the number as determined in section 1.43 above, one additional representative shall be allotted in turn to each of the units in order of greatest fractional representation until the total number of faculty representatives equals the number as determined in section1. 43 above (i.e., twice the number of senators not in sections 3,4 , and $5 \underline{4,5,6}$ of Article II of the Constitution)
1.4ㅍ If it is determined by the above procedure that the number of representatives allotted to any college/unit will be changed from the previous year, the Senate Administrator in collaboration with the Associate Vice Chair, shall so report to the Academic Senate prior to the announcement of elections.
1.4-5.1 If a representative unit is allotted an additional seat and there is no vacancy in the representation of a unit losing a seat, the unit gaining a seat shall nevertheless elect an additional representative for a full term at the next general election. The next vacancy occurring, by expiration of term, resignation or otherwise, in the unit losing a seat shall not be filled.
1.56 Representatives to the Academic Senate shall be nominated by a petition signed by at least ten (10) members of the faculty/staff electorate of the appropriate election unit: (a) college, (b) general unit, (c) SSP staff unit, or (4) general staff unit). The candidate shall indicate, by signature on the petition, their willingness to serve if selected.
1.5.6. 1 If there is no candidate for an Academic Senate seat by the end of the filing period, that seat shall be declared vacant and shall be filled according to the procedures outlined in 1.76.2.4.
1.67 When there is a vacancy of a faculty/staff representative (excluding CSU Senators) the replacement for the remainder of the term shall be chosen as follows:
1.6.7.1 If a senator will be unable to perform their duties as senator for one semester or less, a temporary replacement will be selected in accordance with the following procedures:
1.6-7.1.1 The dean of the college from which the senator serves shall call for nominations for a temporary replacement to be chosen by chairs and directors of that college from those nominated.
1.6-7.1.2 For the General Unit, the Senate Administrator shall call for nominations for a temporary replacement to be chosen by the Executive Committee from those nominated.
1.7.1.3 For a staff senator, the University Personnel (UP) shall call for nominations for a temporary replacement to be chosen by the Executive Committee from those nominated.
1.6-7.2 When there is a permanent vacancy of a senator, the replacement for the remainder of the term shall be chosen as follows: the appropriate college dean (or Senate Administrator in the case of the General Unit or UP in the case of staff) shall hold a special election as soon as possible after the determination of the vacancy.

### 1.6.7.2.1 Vacancies are created by

a) resignation or recall from the Senate,
b) termination of employment,
c) removal from the Senate as a result of being absent from three Senate meetings in an academic year,
d) removal from a policy committee as a result of being absent from three regularly scheduled policy committee meetings,
e) removal from a policy committee due to failure to perform assigned policy committee duties as determined by the Executive Committee of the Senate in consultation with the policy committee chair,
f) leave, with or without pay, which covers more than one semester,
g) appointment to a full-time administrative (Management Personnel Plan) position,
h) election to the role of Academic Senate Chair, or
i) no candidate files for a vacant seat.
1.6.7.2.2 When a Senate seat is vacated, the associated seat on that senator's assigned policy committee would become vacant.
1.6.7.2.3 Faculty and staff representatives who accept one semester leaves with or without pay may resign from the Senate or request the selection of a replacement for one semester following the procedures listed in 1.76.1 above.
1.6.7.2.4 If no candidate files for that vacancy, it shall be filled for one year by a person in that constituency selected by the Executive Committee after consultation with the Senators from that constituency. A permanent replacement shall be elected to fill out the remainder of the term as part of the next general election.
1.6.7.2.5 If only one candidate files a nominating petition for a vacancy, the dean ( ${ }_{2}$ or Senate Administrator for the General Unit election, or UP for the staff units election) shall not conduct an election but shall so
report to the Executive Committee, and the Executive Committee shall declare the single candidate elected.
1.6-7.2.6 If a vacancy occurs during the months of January or February, the seat shall be filled following the procedures listed in 1.6.7. 1 above for temporary vacancies and the senator shall hold the seat for the remainder of the academic year. A permanent replacement shall be elected to fill out the remainder of the term as part of the next general election.
1.7 $\underline{\text { Faculty and Staff Voting Rights for Elections to the Senate }}$
1.7.-8. 1 Tenured and tenure track faculty have full permanent voting rights for college representatives in the department of their primary assignment.
1.7.8. 2 Lecturer faculty have proportional voting rights for college representatives in the department of their primary assignment. Lecturer faculty assigned to more than one representative unit may vote in each unit on a proportional basis determined by the percentage of their appointment in each unit.
1.7.8. 3 Members of the general unit have voting rights proportional to their appointment(s).
1.8.4 Staff members have voting rights proportional to their appointment(s).
1.89 No write-in votes are permitted.
1.910 Procedures for faculty and staff elections shall be determined by the Senate Election Committee, with the approval of the Executive Committee of the Academic Senate.
1.1011 The phrase "academic deans" as used in Article II, Section 2 of the constitution means deans, and associate deans (MPP) in the academic affairs division. Elections of representative academic deans shall be conducted and reported by the Provost, and vacancies shall be filled by special elections for the balance of unexpired terms.
1.12 Whenever the word "staff electorate" is used in the constitution, bylaws, or standing rules of the Academic Senate, it refers to those SJSU employees who are not members of Collective Bargaining Unit 3, nor students, and do not hold positions as Management Personnel Plan (MPP)
1.12.1 When further delineation is needed, the term "SSP staff electorate" is used to refer to the staff electorate who hold SSP positions,
and the term "General staff electorate" is used to refer to all other members of the staff electorate.
1.13 Whenever the phrase "faculty electorate" is used in the constitution, bylaws, or standing rules of the Academic Senate, it refers to those faculty members eligible to vote for representatives to the Senate (including members of the General Unit), with proportional votes for lecturer faculty, as specified in Article II, Section 43 , Part c, of the Senate's constitution.
1.14 Whenever the word "staff" is used in connection with eligibility for or service on any committee and no other definition is stated, it means both a member of the SSP staff and the general staff electorates.

### 1.14.1 When further delineation is needed, the phrase "SSP staff" is used to refer to

 the staff members who hold SSP positions, and the phrase "general staff" is used to refer to all other staff members.1.1215 Whenever the word "faculty" is used in connection with eligibility for or service on any committee and no other definition is stated, it means a member of the faculty electorate.
1.1316 Whenever the phrase "teaching faculty" is used in connection with committee eligibility or service and no other definition is stated, it means university personnel holding the title of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, or lecturer whose primary assignment is instruction and not more than 50 percent of whose workload is administrative or other non-instructional duties (other than as department chair or equivalent). Reimbursed or re- assigned time for research, curriculum development, committee service, etc., is instructional.
1.17 Staff Protections: staff senators independently represent staff, and do not represent their supervisors or administrators. Supervisors and administrators must at all times make clear that the staff senators have protected voices that will be respected. Opinions expressed by staff senators during senate activities shall not be included in staff evaluations. Staff senators shall be given time to attend scheduled senate and policy committee meetings as well as time for meeting preparation and work on committee assignments.
2. Senate Officers
2.1 The following are officers of the Academic Senate:
2.1.1 The Chair of the Senate (who must be a faculty member), who shall be its presiding officer, as provided in the constitution, and shall also be Chair of the Executive Committee, and general faculty meetings.
2.1.2 The Vice Chair (who must be a faculty member), who shall discharge the duties of the Chair during any temporary disability of the Chair, shall serve as a CSU Senator during the temporary disability of one of the SJSU representatives to the ASCSU, and shall succeed to the office of Chair when the Chair's term or terms expire or if the Chair resigns or that office becomes vacant for any other reason.
2.1.3 The Associate Vice Chair (who must be a faculty member), who shall be Chair of the Committee on Committees and the Election Committee, shall act as Vice Chair during the temporary disability of the Vice Chair, and shall act as Chair if both the Chair and the Vice Chair become temporarily unable to perform their duties.
2.1.4 The Past Chair is the person who served as chair for the preceding year, provided that the Past Chair is not the same person as the current chair and does not hold any other Senate office.
2.1.5 The Faculty-at-Large Representative. There shall be no Faculty-at-Large Representative when there is a Past Chair.

### 2.1.6 ASCSU Representative to the Executive Committee

2.1.7 The chairs of the Senate Policy Committees.

### 2.2 Election Procedures for Senate Officers

2.2.1 Senate officers, other than the Chair, Past Chair and Faculty-at-Large Representative, shall be elected from the faculty and staff members of the Senate annually for one-year terms. Nominees for Chair of Professional Standards must be tenured full professors.
2.2.2 Extension of Senate Chair's term
2.2.2.1 If the Chair so requests, the agenda for the first regular meeting of the Senate in spring semester shall include, as a special order of business preceding policy committee reports, a proposal to extend that chair's term. When the special-order item is reached, the Associate Vice Chair of the Senate shall preside while the Senate debates and votes on the proposal. The vote shall be by secret ballot and approval of the extension shall require a two-thirds affirmative vote.
2.2.2.2 If the Senate approves the extension, the incumbent Chair is re- elected for the following year. The term of office of the Vice Chair is extended for one year. (If the term of the Vice Chair as an elected faculty
representative expires at the end of the spring semester the Vice Chair shall take the place otherwise held by the Past Chair as an ex officio member.) The term of the Past Chair is not extended, and a Faculty-atLarge Representative shall be elected at the end of spring semester to fill the Past Chair's position on the Executive Committee for the following year.
2.2.2. $\quad$ If the Senate does not approve the extension of the Chair's term, the Vice Chair shall automatically succeed to the office of Chair at the adjournment of the last meeting of the current Senate in spring semester.
2.2.2.4 No chair shall serve for more than two full terms in succession.
2.2.3 If the previous year's Chair is not the same person as the current Chair, the previous year's Chair will be a Senate officer called the Past Chair. However, if the Past Chair is elected to any other/Senate office, there will be no Past Chair that year and a Faculty-at-Large Representative shall be elected instead.
2.2.4 As soon as possible after the election of new Senate members in the spring, the Chair of the Senate shall appoint a nominating committee to prepare a slate of officers for the forthcoming academic year. This committee should nominate at least two candidates for each open Senate office. The committee shall also ascertain the willingness of the nominees to serve if elected. The committee shall produce a brief written document regarding the qualifications and goals of each candidate which shall be distributed to the Senate prior to the day of election.
2.2.5 The slate of nominees proposed by the nominating committee shall be communicated to the Senate prior to the last regular meeting of the academic year. On that day, two consecutive meetings of the Senate shall be held. The first meeting shall be the final meeting of the Senate of the current academic year. Immediately following the adjournment of that meeting, the first meeting of the Senate for the next academic year shall be held. The nominating committee shall make its report in the second meeting, further nominations from the floor shall be accepted, and an election shall be held to fill all open Senate offices. Only the continuing and newly elected members of the Senate, who will be members in the next academic year, shall vote in the election.
2.2.6 Should a vacancy occur in the office of Senate Chair, the Vice Chair shall automatically succeed to the position for the balance of the vacant term. The Vice Chair shall then serve for the full term of the following year, and the full term shall be counted as that person's first year in office for purposes of
2.2.2.2 Should a vacancy occur in any other Senate office, the Executive Committee shall nominate at least two candidates to fill the vacancy and present its nominees to the Senate. Additional nominations may be made from the floor. When nominations have been closed, the Senate shall elect a replacement to serve for the balance of the vacant position's term.

## 3. Senate Administrator

3.1 The Senate Administrative Analyst (an employee position in the Senate Office) shall serve as the Senate Administrator.
3.2 The Senate Administrator may participate in Senate proceedings on the same basis as a member of the Senate but shall not vote.
3.3 The Senate Administrator may speak at Senate and Executive Committee meetings on matters relevant to Senate operations and on other matters when requested by the Senate Chair.
3.4 The Senate Administrator may be present at executive sessions of the Senate and is subject to the same confidentiality requirements as are applicable to Senate members.
3.5 The Senate Administrator shall provide administrative support to the Senate Chair and the Associate Vice Chair, shall attend and take minutes of the Senate and Executive Committee meetings, shall have charge of the records and archives of the Senate and its website, shall prepare committee appointment letters and maintain and update committee membership lists, and shall assist in the preparation of election materials and the administration of Senate elections.
3.6 The Senate Administrator shall be an ex officio member on the Committee on Committees and the Election Committee.

## 4. Senate Committees

### 4.1 General information

4.1.1 The Academic Senate shall establish and appoint committees as may be needed.
4.1.2 Except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, university policy, or Senate Management Resolutions, all committees prepare, and submit to the Senate Chair, an annual report summarizing activities at the end of the academic year. These reports will be made available on the Senate's website.
4.1.3 Except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, university policy, or Senate Management Resolutions, appointments to policy committees of the Academic Senate shall be recommended by the elected members of the Executive Committee and approved by the Senate; appointments to operating committees shall be recommended by the Committee on Committees and approved by the Senate. When an appointment is recommended more than one week before the next regular meeting of the Senate, the recommending body may make its recommendation effective at once as a temporary appointment. These temporary appointments shall last until the next meeting of the Senate and must receive Senate approval to become permanent. When appointments have been approved by the Senate, the Senate Administrator shall notify those appointed.
4.1.4 Committees concerned primarily with faculty affairs shall contain a majority of teaching faculty with full-time appointments. Committees concerned with student affairs shall contain a significant proportion, but not a majority, of students.
4.1.5 For purposes of service on Senate committees, all university faculty, full or part-time, active or retired, and all students, staff and alumni shall be considered members of the university community.
4.1.5.1 For purposes of service on Senate committees, all SSP staff members are eligible to serve on General Unit and Faculty-at-Large seats.

### 4.1.6 Vacancies

> 4.1.6.1 Each year the Senate Executive Committee will approve a calendar (referred to below as "appointment calendar") for appointing faculty and staff to operating committees, policy committees, special agencies, and other committees of the Senate. The calendar will be structured such that colleges and units are given ample notification of vacancies before the start of the fall semester and also allow for faculty-atlarge appointments to be confirmed at the first Senate meeting of the semester.
4.1.6.2 Notwithstanding the provisions of bylaw 4.5.2, college seats on policy committees, operating committees, special agencies and other committees for which no faculty from that college willing to serve have been found by the date specified on the appointment calendar shall become faculty-at-large seats for the balance of the academic year.
4.1.6.3 By the date specified on the appointment calendar, the Associate Vice Chair of the Senate shall inform each college representative and college dean which of that college's committee seats
are still vacant and invite them to recommend faculty for those seats within one week's time. The college representative(s) on the Senate and deans shall be reminded that the seats will become faculty-at-large seats for the year if no college faculty to fill them can be found. The dean's recommendations shall be forwarded to the college's Committee on Committees representative who shall present one name to the Associate Vice Chair of the Senate to be reported to the Senate or to the Executive Committee, as appropriate under bylaw 4.1.3.
4.1.6.4 By the date specified on the appointment calendar, all vacant college seats on operating committees, special agencies and other committees for which no faculty from the college have been recommended under paragraph 4.1.6.3 above (or otherwise identified) shall become faculty-at-large seats for the balance of the academic year and all members of the Committee on Committees shall be requested to supply names of faculty from any representative unit to fill these vacancies.
4.1.6.5 By the date specified on the appointment calendar, all vacant college seats on policy committees shall become faculty-at-large seats for the balance of the year. First priority in filling these vacancies shall be given to elected faculty representatives on the Senate not assigned to other policy committees. If all elected faculty representatives (other than Senate officers) have been appointed to policy committees and there are policy committee seats still remaining vacant, they shall be filled as provided in 4.1.6.3 for policy committees.
4.1.6.6 The Associate Vice Chair of the Senate shall coordinate this selection process so as to maintain as far as possible a representative balance across committees and shall report one name for each vacancy to the Senate or the Executive Committee as appropriate under bylaw 4.1.3.
4.1.7 Elected faculty and staff representatives (other than Senate officers) not appointed to seats designated for representative units and also not appointed to faculty-at- large seats as provided above shall be appointed as additional members-at- large of policy committees. If there is only one such member, that person shall be appointed to the Organization and Government Committee. If there is a second, that person shall be appointed to the Instruction and Student Affairs Committee. A third shall be appointed to the Professional Standards Committee and a fourth to the Curriculum and Research Committee. The provision shall be implemented in a manner consistent with Academic Senate bylaw 4.5.2.1.
4.1.8 If a member (non-ex officio) of an Academic Senate committee (policy,
operating, special agency, or other Senate committee) cannot complete the term for any reason, the chair of the committee may request, through the Associate Vice Chair of the Senate, that a replacement be appointed. The Associate Vice Chair, using the normal procedures of the Committee on Committees, then solicits nominations for a replacement and brings a recommendation to the Executive Committee and subsequently to the Senate via the consent calendar.
4.1.9 If a non-ex officio member of an Academic Senate committee (policy, operating, special agency, or other Senate committee) is absent from three regularly scheduled committee meetings in an academic year or repeatedly does not perform assigned committee duties, the chair of the committee may request, through the Associate Vice Chair of the Senate, that the person be removed from the committee. The Associate Vice Chair, following discussion with and approval from the Executive Committee for removal of the committee member will then solicit nominations for a replacement (or notify the relevant college if an election is needed) and bring a recommendation to the Executive Committee and subsequently to the Senate via the consent calendar.
4.1.10 Removal of a senator from their assigned policy committee will result in removal from the Senate.
4.1.11 Unless otherwise stipulated in university policy or Senate Management Resolutions, recommendation of students for membership on policy committees, operating committees, special agencies, and other Senate committees shall be made according to the recommendation procedures of the Associated Students, Inc. and should be transmitted to the Associate Vice Chair by the second meeting of the new Academic Senate for final approval by the Senate. The Associated Students, Inc. should give student appointments to the Student Fairness Committee a high priority.
4.1.11.1 Should the Associated Students, Inc. Board of Directors not transmit recommendations of students for membership on Senate operating committees, policy committees, special agencies or other Senate committees by the fourth week of instruction, the following shall supersede the rules of the Associated Students, Inc. for nomination of students to policy committees, operating committees, special agencies or other Senate committees: student seats shall become university student-at-large seats for the balance of the academic year. These seats may be filled by any student in good standing at the university who self-nominates, or who is nominated by a member of the Academic Senate, and who is recommended by the elected members of the Executive Committee and approved by the Senate (subject to bylaw 4.1.3). All student nominees shall submit a statement of interest to the Senate's Associate Vice Chair.
4.1.11.2 Should a vacancy occur, the President of Associated Students, Inc. shall select a replacement to fill out the remainder of the term. This selection must be approved by a two-thirds majority of the total membership of the Board of Directors of the Associated Students, Inc. The name of the nominee should be transmitted to the Associate Vice Chair within 30 days of the time that the vacancy occurred for final approval by the Senate. When the appointment has been approved by the Senate, the Senate Administrator shall notify the appointee. If a nomination is not received within 30 days, the seat will be declared a student-at-large seat for the balance of the academic year and will be filled as per 4.1.11.1.
4.1.11.3 In the event a student holding an Associated Students ex officio position has a conflict and cannot make committee meetings, then the AS President may designate a replacement as needed.

### 4.2 Executive Committee

4.2.1 Charge: Acts as an Ad Hoc Advisory Committee to the President on request; acts for the Academic Senate at such times when the members may not be available; formulates policy proposals; refers matters of business to the appropriate agencies; develops and approves the agenda for Senate meetings; handles external relations with elected officials and their staff, as appropriate; prepares nominations/appointments as needed to policy committees, operating committees, special agencies, and other Senate committees for Senate (or administrator) approval.
4.2.2 Membership:
a) Senate Chair (elected)
b) Vice Chair (elected)
c) Past Chair, or Faculty at Large in years when there is no Past Chair (elected)
d) President (EXO)
e) Provost (EXO)
f) VP, Administration \& Finance (EXO)
g) VP, Student Affairs (EXO)
h) Chief Diversity Officer (EXO)
i) Statewide Senator (elected)
j) AS President (EXO)
k) Chair, Committee on Committees/Assoc. Vice Chair (elected)
I) Chair, Curriculum \& Research (elected)
m) Chair, Instruction \& Student Affairs (elected)
n) Chair, Organization \& Government (elected)
o) Chair, Professional Standards (elected)
4.2.3 Any action taken by the Executive Committee requires the presence of a quorum of the elected members. When acting for the Academic Senate, the Executive Committee shall distinguish whether it is expressing the position adopted by the Senate as a whole or of the Executive Committee alone. In handling relations with elected officials or their staff, these shall be on matters of relevance to the well-being of the university, and this duty shall be carried out in coordination with university employees involved in government relations; the Executive Committee is encouraged to recruit an appropriate number of university employees and students to assist in its external relations efforts. In acting as an ad hoc Presidential advisory committee, only the elected members of the Executive Committee shall sit in this capacity. Normally, the President should seek the advice of the full Senate on issues of policy, rather than that of the Executive Committee or its elected members

### 4.3 Committee on Committees

4.3.1 Charge: Prepares nominations for policy committees, operating committees, special agencies, and other Senate committees as needed. In cooperation with the Organization and Government Committee, makes recommendations for the improvement of the Senate's committee operations and structure. Maintains a record of faculty, staff, students, and administrators currently serving on University- level committees. At the request of the President, or other administrator making the appointments, recruits nominees and suggests names of faculty, staff, and students for service on committees as needed. Acts as Election Committee.
4.3.2 Membership: The Senate's Associate Vice Chair serves as Chair for the Committee on Committees. Additionally, one faculty member from each of the Senate's representative units who shall not be members of the Senate. If a seat is not filled and becomes an 'at large' seat, Senators from the college where there is a vacancy, who are already serving on a policy committee, would be eligible to serve on the Committee on Committees.
a) The Associate Vice Chair of the Senate [EXO], who shall be chair
b) 1 faculty, College of Business
c) 1 faculty, College of Education
d) 1 faculty, College of Engineering
e) 1 member, General Unit
f) 1 faculty, College of Health and Human Sciences
g) 1 faculty, College of Humanities and the Arts
h) 1 faculty, College of Science
i) 1 faculty, College of Social Science
j) 1 Student Senator
k) Senate Administrator (non-voting)
4.3.3 Appointments to the Committee on Committees shall be recommended by the elected members of the Executive Committee and approved by the Senate. Members (other than the Chair and the Student Senator) shall serve for staggered two-year terms.

### 4.4. Election Committee

4.4.1 There shall be an Election Committee. Its members shall be the members of the Committee on Committees. Its chair shall be the Associate Vice Chair of the Senate.
4.4.2 The Election Committee shall arrange for the election of faculty representatives to this Senate and of the university's representatives to the CSU Academic Senate, referenda under Articles V and VI of the Academic Senate Constitution, and all other campus-wide elections required by university policies.
4.4.3 Elections shall be conducted by colleges and departments under instructions of the Election Committee.
4.4.4 The Election Committee shall be responsible for the establishment of voting procedures and their supervision.
4.4.5 The Election Committee shall assure that the results of the elections will be available for presentation to the Academic Senate no later than one week prior to the last spring Senate meeting.
4.4.6 In carrying out a referendum under Article $V$ of the Constitution, the Senate Administrator in consultation with the Election Committee shall prepare an electronic ballot which indicates the specific action of the Academic Senate which is being referred to the faculty electorate. The question to be voted on will be stated as follows: "Shall the action of the Academic Senate specified above be sustained?" The ballot in a referendum may be accompanied by pro and con arguments of not more than 300 words each. If such arguments are to be included, the Chair of the Senate will designate one or more persons to write the pro argument; the person(s) offering the motion or submitting the petition for a referendum will designate one or more persons to write the con argument. In the event that persons requesting the referendum are in support of the Senate action which is the subject of the referendum, then the Chair of the Senate will designate one or more persons opposed to the Senate action to write the con argument. Failure to submit an argument on one side shall not prevent distribution of an argument submitted by the other side

### 4.5. Policy Committees

In general, these committees study policy issues and investigate policy problems in their areas at the request of the Academic Senate and prepare policy recommendations for official action. Current Policy committees:

Curriculum \& Research (CR) Instruction \& Student Affairs (ISA) Organization \& Government (O\&G) Professional Standards (PS)
4.5.1 The establishment or elimination of any policy committee shall require a two- thirds (2/3) majority of the Senate.
4.5.2 Policy committees shall normally be composed so that at least one half of the members of a policy committee are also members of the Senate. Generally, no person shall serve on more than one policy committee. Exceptions may be made for the President of the Associated Students, officers of the Senate, and university administrators.
4.5.2.1 Normally, each policy committee includes representation from each of the units from which faculty representatives are elected. In no instance shall more than two faculty members from any of the units from which faculty representatives are elected be assigned to one policy committee.
4.5.2.2 The senators representing the Emeritus and Retired Faculty Association and the Alumni Association are eligible for appointment to policy committees with the exception of the Professional Standards Committee. If they wish to serve, they shall, at the beginning of the academic year, request to the Associate Vice Chair to be appointed to a policy committee. Although they may request a specific committee assignment, they may be appointed to another committee where representation is needed. When appointed, these senators shall have the status of ex officio members.
4.5.3 All policy committee appointments shall be for one year, commencing with the first meeting of the new Senate for the year, which usually takes place in the last month of the Spring semester.
4.5.3.1 Seniority shall not be the primary factor in selecting members of policy committees.
4.5.3.2 To achieve the principle in 4.5.2, senators shall have priority in appointments to policy committees.
4.5.3.3 Tenured faculty should be given priority for appointment to the Professional Standards Committee.
4.5.4 Members of Senate policy committees, including ex officio members, can vote and be counted for quorum (defined in Senate Standing Rule 13) only if present in person or via remote attendance.
4.5.5 Chairs of policy committees shall be elected annually by the Senate from its faculty representatives.
4.5.5.1 Nominees for the Chair of Professional Standards must be tenured full professors.
4.5.6 Policy committees shall report to the Executive Committee of the Academic Senate.
4.5.7 All policy committee recommendations for the Senate's consideration shall show the names of the committee members present and absent; the vote totals, and shall state:
a) The rationale for of the policy, including its source, intent and claimed need; in language suitable for communication to faculty, staff and students affected.
b) The expected estimated financial impact, obtained from a named office responsible for implementing the policy, if adopted.
c) The workload impact of the policy, that is, whether and how much compliance will increase or decrease required activity or expenditure of time by faculty, staff, or students.

### 4.6 Operating Committees

In the context of their charge, operating committees serve a range of functions including the preparation of reports and making recommendations for changes in policy to their designated policy committees. Current Operating Committees:

Faculty Diversity Committee (reporting to PS)
General Education Advisory Committee (reporting to CR)
Graduate Studies \& Research Committee (reporting to CR)
Institutional Review Board (reporting to CR)
International Programs \& Students Committee (reporting to ISA)
Program Planning Committee (reporting to CR)
Student Evaluation Review Board (reporting to PS)
Student Fairness Committee (reporting to ISA) Undergraduate Studies Committee (reporting to CR)
4.6.1 The establishment or elimination of any operating committee shall require a simple majority of the Senate.
4.6.2 All operating committees shall report to their designated policy committees.
4.6.3 Except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, University Policy, or Senate Management Resolution, chairs of operating committees shall be elected by the members of the operating committee. Any member of the committee, except an ex officio member, is eligible to serve as chair.
4.6.4 Near the end of each spring semester, each operating committee shall elect from among its continuing membership, a chair for the following academic year. The outgoing committee chair shall recommend, through the appropriate policy committee, to the Organization and Government Committee any changes in committee responsibility or organization.
4.6.5 Appointments of faculty to operating committees shall be for staggered three- year terms unless otherwise specified. After service for a full three-year term, members should be reappointed only in special circumstances. Appropriate administrative officers or their officers or designees shall be included on operating committees as ex officio members.
4.6.5.1 Faculty serving on a policy committee are ineligible to serve on any operating committee reporting to that same policy committee.
4.6.5.2 The Committee on Committees chair will assure that, when appointments are made, they take into consideration part 4.6.5.1.
4.6.5.3 To the extent possible, administrative designees to operating committees and their parent policy committee should not result in concurrent membership.
4.6.6 Student membership on operating committees is normally for a one-year term.

### 4.7 Special Agencies, Other Senate Committees, and Special Committees of the Senate

4.7.1 The Senate shall establish and appoint special agencies, other Senate committees or special committees of the Senate as may be needed. The establishment or elimination of any special agency, other Senate committee, or special committee of the Senate shall require a simple majority of the Senate.
4.7.2 Unless otherwise specified in a Senate Management Resolution or University Policy, reporting requirements for special agencies, other Senate
committees, and special committees of the Senate follow bylaw 4.1.2.
4.7.3 Unless otherwise specified in a Senate Management Resolution or University Policy, a) members of special agencies, other Senate committees, and special committees of the Senate shall be nominated by the elected members of the Executive Committee; and
4.7.4 Unless otherwise specified in a Senate Management Resolution or University Policy, chairs of special agencies, other Senate committees, and special committees of the Senate may be designated by the elected members of the Executive Committee.
4.7.5 Student membership on special agencies, other Senate committees, and special committees of the Senate is normally for a one-year term.

### 4.7.6 Special Agencies

Special agencies are created as needed by the Senate. Their charge, membership, and reporting responsibilities are specified in the policy or Senate Management Resolution that established them. Current special agencies:

Accreditation Review Committee Alcohol \& Drug Abuse Committee Athletics Board

Budget Advisory Committee Campus Planning Board
Strategic Planning Steering Committee Student Success

### 4.7.6.1 The following shall apply to all special agencies.

a) Unless otherwise provided in the policy or senate management resolution creating the special agency, at-large faculty members shall be nominated by the Committee on Committees.
b) A special agency and related policy committee may consult on any matter of common concern.
c) Special agency recommendations requiring changes in university policy shall be reported to the Executive Committee for referral to an appropriate policy committee for consideration.
d) The Executive Committee (or a designated policy committee at the request of the Executive Committee) may, from time to time, review the policy establishing a special agency and may require reports from special agencies.
e) When filling faculty appointments, the Associate Vice Chair of the Academic Senate shall have the responsibility to stagger the terms, unless otherwise specified by policy.
4.7.6.2 Appointments of faculty to special agencies shall be for staggered three-year terms unless otherwise specified. After service for a full three-year term, members should be reappointed only in special circumstances. Appropriate administrative officers or designees shall be included on special agencies as ex officio members.

### 4.7.7 Other Senate Committees

Committees in this category are bodies created by policies or Senate Management Resolutions. Their charges, membership, and responsibilities are specified in the policies or Senate Management Resolutions that established them. Current committees in this category:

Academic Disqualification and Reinstatement Review Board of Academic Freedom and Professional Standards Traffic, Transit, and Parking

University Library Board University Sustainability Board University Writing Committee
4.7.7.1 Recommendations from committees in this category requiring changes in university policy shall be reported to the Executive Committee for referral to an appropriate policy committee for consideration.
4.7.7.2 If not otherwise specified in policy or a senate management resolution, reporting requirements follow bylaw 4.1.2
4.7.7.3 Appointments of faculty to committees in this category shall be for staggered three-year terms unless otherwise specified. After service for a full three-year term, members should be reappointed only in special circumstances. Appropriate administrative officers or designees shall be included as ex officio members.

### 4.7.7.4 Student membership is normally for a one-year term.

### 4.7.8 Special Committees of the Senate

Committees and task forces in this category are time-delimited bodies created to address specific issues. The Senate shall establish and appoint such special committees as may be needed.
4.7.8.1 Members of special committees and task forces shall be nominated by the elected members of the Executive Committee.
4.7.8.2 The charge, determined by the elected members of the Executive Committee, shall be specified in the resolution that establishes the special committee of the Senate.
4.7.8.3 Chairs of special committees and task forces may be designated by the elected members of the Executive Committee.

## 5. Procedure

5.1 Robert's Rules of Order, most recent edition, shall apply unless superseded by the constitution, bylaws, or standing rules of the Academic Senate.
5.2 The meetings of the Academic Senate are open, but the number of nonmembers present shall not exceed the room capacity, and preference shall be given to guests officially invited by the Senate Chair. The Chair shall request audio-visual coverage of meetings when necessary.
5.3 Spectators at Senate meetings shall not take part in or attempt to influence the proceedings of the Senate, except as may be authorized in the standing rules. Violators shall be excluded. At the Chair's discretion, the Chair may recess the meeting.
5.4 The Academic Senate shall be called into executive session by the Chair upon approval of a majority of the members present. Only Academic Senate members and the Senate Administrator may be present during executive sessions. Normally, only personnel or fiscal matters may be discussed in executive sessions, but final action on all matters shall be taken in regular Academic Senate meetings. Proceedings in executive session are confidential and are not published within the senate minutes.
6. Senators as Representatives
6.1 It is the responsibility of each elected member of the Academic Senate to assess the attitudes and viewpoints of their constituency. However, each member represents and serves the entire university. Thus, no member shall come instructed as to how to vote on any item under consideration by the Senate or its committees.
6.2 Senators are to maintain communications with their constituency regarding Senate activities and accomplishments as needed.

## 7. Approval of Policies

7.1 Measures adopted by the Academic Senate intended to have binding effect on the university generally or on persons or matters external to the Senate itself are policy recommendations and are submitted to the President for approval under Article IV, Section 2, of the Senate constitution.
7.1.1 Bylaws adopted in accordance with standing rule 10.a.2 (Senate Management Resolutions) or resolutions expressing only the opinion of the Senate, are not policy recommendations and do not require approval of the President.
8. Representation, Academic Senate, CSU
8.1 The following are subject to applicable provisions of the constitution of the Academic Senate of the California State University (ASCSU).
8.1.1 Candidates for the ASCSU from the SJSU campus shall be nominated by the faculty electorate following procedures similar to those prescribed for nomination of candidates for the Academic Senate of San José State University.
8.1.2 Simultaneous candidacy of the same person for both the ASCSU and the Academic Senate SJSU at the same election is prohibited.
8.1.3 A faculty representative on the SJSU Senate who is elected to the ASCSU vacates their seat as an elected member of the SJSU Senate.

### 8.1.4 Temporary Vacancy

8.1.4.1 A temporary vacancy is defined as one in which a CSU Senator will be unable to perform his or her their duties for a period of one semester or less. In such cases, the Vice Chair of the SJSU Academic Senate shall serve as temporary CSU Senator.
8.1.4.2 If the Vice Chair is unable to serve, the Chair of the SJSU Academic Senate may designate any elected faculty representative of the current SJSU Academic Senate to act as temporary CSU Senator.
8.1.4.3 An SJSU senator temporarily serving as an ASCSU Senator shall remain a faculty representative of the SJSU Senate.

### 8.1.5 Permanent Vacancy

8.1.5.1 If a CSU Senator will be absent from the SJSU campus or unable to perform the duties of an ASCSU Senator for a period of longer
than one semester, the seat held by that ASCSU senator shall be deemed vacant.
8.1.5.2 When a permanent vacancy occurs, a special election shall be held to fill the vacancy for the balance of the term. The election shall be held promptly after the determination is made that there is or will be such a vacancy. If there is no advance notice, the position will be filled temporarily as described in section above until an election can be held.

## 9. Faculty Appointments to Off-Campus and Presidential Bodies

9.1 Faculty (as defined in the Academic Senate Constitution) occasionally serve as representatives on bodies not established by nor under the authority of SJSU (e.g., system-wide or other off-campus agencies or committees). In instances in which no other procedure for their designation is prescribed, representatives shall be appointed by the Academic Senate on nomination of the Executive Committee.
9.2 Where no other procedure has been approved by the Academic Senate, appointments of faculty to presidential task forces, advisory committees, and commissions shall be made by the following process: the elected members of the Executive Committee shall consult with the President in regard to these appointments. Nominations shall be presented to the Senate for approval.
9.3 Appointments of faculty to the boards of University auxiliary organizations shall be made by the President after consultation with the elected members of the Executive Committee.
9.4 Appointments of faculty to the Instructionally Related Activities (IRA) Advisory Committee shall be made by the President after consultation with the elected members of the Executive Committee.
10. Editorial Changes - Senate Documents and Archiving Resolutions
10.1 When identifiers are changed, but the function, responsibilities, purpose, or content remain the same, the Senate Chair may approve replacement in Senate documents of the old identifier by the new one, as an editorial change. Such changes shall be explained and reported to the Executive Committee of the Senate and recorded in the meeting minutes. Example identifiers include the title related to a university official, agency, or course designations, or unit of the university appearing in Academic Senate documents (including the constitution, bylaws, university policies, and resolutions providing for committee membership).
10.2 When the number, title or designation of a law, regulation, executive order,
or policy, referred to in a Senate document, is changed or rescinded by competent authority, but no other change affecting university policy is involved, the Senate Chair may authorize replacement of the old number, title or designation by the new one in Senate documents, as an editorial change. Such changes shall be reported to the Executive Committee of the Senate and recorded in the meeting minutes.
10.3 When a policy recommendation or Senate Management Resolution is found to contain editorial errors, that when corrected would not change the intent of the policy recommendation or resolution, the Senate Chair can correct the error(s) following consultation with and obtaining unanimous consent from, the Executive Committee. The edited version of the policy recommendation approved by the Executive Committee will be submitted to the President for final review and signature. Approved editorial corrections shall be recorded in the Senate Executive Committee meeting minutes and changes will be made by the Senate administrator to the document being corrected. If the editorial changes are not approved by the Executive Committee or the President, the document will be returned to the appropriate policy committee for revision and brought to the Senate for debate and vote.
10.4 Following implementation of updates to Senate bylaws and standing rules, called for in a Senate Management Resolution, the Senate chair can approve the relocation, by the Senate administrator, of such resolutions to the web-based archive of Senate Management Resolutions. The chair will communicate the action at an Executive

Committee meeting. The Senate Administrator will include documentation of this in Executive Committee minutes.

## 11. Specific Designation of Rescinded Policies

Adoption and approval of a new policy resolution overrides all prior conflicting policies, whether or not the previous policies are specifically identified. However, it is best practice to list specifically in a new policy all superseded policies. If, subsequent to the adoption and approval of a policy resolution, the Senate administrator finds that not all prior policies which should have been rescinded were specifically so listed in the subsequent policy, the Senate administrator shall notify the Senate chair and the appropriate policy committee chair. The committee shall review the policies and, if satisfied that the older policies were superseded and should be specifically designated as rescinded, the Senate chair shall authorize the administrator to note their rescission in the Senate records. The Senate chair shall report the committee's decision to the Executive Committee, and the Senate administrator shall record the information in the
minutes.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ https://calstate.policystat.com/policy/12891658/latest/
    ${ }^{2}$ Protected Status includes Age, Disability (physical or mental), Gender (or sex), Genetic Information, Gender Identity (including transgender), Gender Expression, Marital Status, Medical Condition, Nationality, Race or Ethnicity (including color, caste, or ancestry), Religion or Religious Creed, Sexual Orientation, and Veteran or Military Status.
    ${ }^{3}$ https://calstate.policystat.com/policy/12891658/latest/
    4https://www.calstate.edu/csu-system/faculty-staff/labor-and-employee-
    relations/Documents/unit3-cfa/article16.pdf

[^1]:    ${ }^{5}$ See CFA/CSU Agreement 11.3: Any material identified by source may be placed in the PAF.. Identification shall indicate the author, the committee, the campus office, or the name of the officially authorized body generating the material.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ NACADA Consultants SJSU Report Final 2019
    ${ }^{2}$ NACADA Consultants SJSU Report Final 2024

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ SJSU Academic Advising Vision, Mission, and Values 2019

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ https://www.csustudentsuccess.net/2023/04/21/creating-a-student-ready-institution-for-first-generation-college-students/ and https://www.aacu.org/publication/becoming-a-student-ready-college-a-new-culture-of-leadership-for-student-success

[^5]:    A. The program plan is evaluated by the PPC which determines whether the review process was conducted in accordance with the published Program Planning Guidelines, and whether the plan represents a reasonable effort to meet the future needs of the students, faculty, and community. The Board of General Studies (BOGS) is responsible for evaluating the General Education portion of the self-study.

[^6]:    San Jose State University
    Academic Senate
    AS 1875
    Professional Standards Committee
    May 6, 2024
    Final Reading

    ## Policy Recommendation

    ## Amend S15-7 (Retention, Tenure and Promotion for Regular Faculty Employees: Procedures)

    Legislative History: This resolution responds to a referral from the Vice Provost for Faculty Success, and would amend S15-7 to permit FERP faculty whose active semester is Spring, or who are on sabbatical in Fall, to serve on University RTP Committees.

    Rationale: S15-7 currently stipulates that "only faculty who will be on academic assignment for both semesters of the Academic Year are eligible to serve on RTP committees." In this RTP cycle, more than one College had difficulty identifying faculty to serve on the University RTP Committee. It has been suggested that this challenge could be alleviated by permitting faculty who are on academic assignment in the Spring semester only to serve on the University RTP Committee.

    Resolved That sections 3.1.3.6 and 3.1.3.7 of S15-7 (Retention, Tenure and Promotion for Regular Faculty Employees: Procedures) be modified as follows:

    Approved: April 30, 2024
    Vote: $\quad 9-0-0$
    Present: Blanco, Chen, French, Kazemifar, Pendyala, Pruthi, Raman, Riley, Smith
    Absent: Barrera, Lacson
    Financial Impact: None
    Workload Impact: Some reduced workload required to staff the University RTP
    Committee
    ******
    3.1.3.6 0nly faculty who will be on academic assignment for both semesters of the Academic Year are eligible to serve on Department- and College-1evel RTP committees. Faculty who are on leave in the Fall, but who return to active service in Spring, are eligible to serve on the University RTP Committee, which convenes in the Spring semester.

